



Puolustusvoimat Försvarsmakten • The Finnish Defence Forces

Conscript 2023

A guide for getting ready for military service



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A guide for getting ready for military service



The Conscript booklet is a good source of information. Familiarise yourself thoroughly with this booklet before the call-up. Also familiarise yourself with the internet site of the Defence Forces at facebook.com/puolustus youtube.com/puolustusvoimat puolustusvoimat.fi

facebook.com/aluetoimisto

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Conscript 2023

Entering service with an open mind	. 6
Future conscript	10
The security of Finland and the regional division	
of Finland's military national defence	10
Tasks of the Finnish Defence Forces	11
Finland's defence solution	
Every man is liable for military service	12
Voluntary military service for women	
Before military service	
First to the call-up	14
Physical examinations Ouestionnaire	
The call-up	
Reporting for service	
How your service location is determined	15
The Military Service Register	
Decisions made upon application	17
Changing the location or date of entry into service	17
If you have more than one nationality	
Unarmed service	17
Non-military (civil) service	17
Those with right of residence on Åland	17
Is your physical condition good enough	
to meet the challenges of military service?	18
If you doubt your fitness	18
Testing of fitness	10
Recovery and nutrition Tobacco products	
Getting psychologically ready for military service	
Recruit letter and preliminary questionnaire	19
Military service	20
Reporting for service	20
Everyday life of a conscript	
Leave and free time	22
Soldiers' clothing and equipment	
Accommodation	
Health care	
Military chaplains	
Social welfare officers	
Conscript Committee	
Initiative activities	25
Leadership training	26
Conscripts are taken care of	າຊ
Changing your starting date or service location	20
Conscript's allowance	28
Studies	
Interest on student loans	30
Other income support, social services	
and social security benefits	30
Employment and service contracts	
Entrepreneurship	
Agriculturalists	
Unemployment Taxation	
Pension	
Loans and debts	
Driving licence	
Passport and police clearance	
Occupational and in-service safety	31
Suspected health risks	32
Military injuries and service-related illnesses	
Daily allowances and other compensations	
Leave and free time	
Travel during leave Persons living abroad	
Parental leave and parental allowance	

Crisis prevention and	
support measures for conscripts	. 36
Time Out! Getting life back on track	
and outreach youth work	. 36
Equality and non-discrimination,	
and appropriate behaviour in military service	. 36
Questions about day-to-day garrison life?	. 36
Military justice	. 36
Legal assistance	
Anticipate entering the Reserve	. 37
Professional matters and	
military service certificate	. 37
Mustering out	. 37
Refresher training and voluntary	
national defence	. 37
Services and branches	. 38
Army	. 40
Infantry	
Field artillery	. 41
Ground-based air defence	. 42
Signals	. 42
Engineers	. 43
Military police	. 44
Logistics	. 44
Driver training	. 45
Navy	. 46
Air Force	. 48
Border Guard	. 50
Special application process and applying	
for special duties	. 53
Special application process	
Special application process Apply online	. 53
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties	. 53
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the	. 53 . 53
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process	. 53 . 53 . 54
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers	. 53 . 53 . 54 . 54
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers	. 53 . 53 . 54 . 54 . 55
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers	. 53 . 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force	. 53 . 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 56
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training	. 53 . 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 56 . 57
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training	. 53 . 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 56 . 57 . 58
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots	. 53 . 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 56 . 57 . 58 . 59
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics	. 53 . 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 56 . 57 . 58 . 59 . 60
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers	. 53 . 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 56 . 57 . 58 . 59 . 60 . 62
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers Military drivers	. 53 . 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 56 . 57 . 58 . 59 . 60 . 62 . 62
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers Military drivers Military musicians	. 53 . 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 56 . 57 . 58 . 59 . 60 . 62 . 62 . 63
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers Military drivers Military musicians Athletes	. 53 . 53 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 56 . 57 . 58 . 59 . 60 . 62 . 62 . 63 . 64
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers Military drivers Military musicians Athletes Applying for special duties	. 53 . 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 57 . 58 . 59 . 60 . 62 . 62 . 63 . 64 . 65
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers Military drivers Military musicians Athletes Applying for special duties	. 53 . 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 57 . 58 . 59 . 60 . 62 . 62 . 63 . 64 . 65
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers Military drivers Military musicians Athletes Applying for special duties Physicians, dentists, veterinarians and pharmacists (M.Sc.)	$53 \\ 53 \\ 53 \\ 54 \\ 54 \\ 55 \\ 55 \\ 55 \\ $
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers Military drivers Military musicians Athletes Applying for special duties Physicians, dentists, veterinarians and pharmacists (M.Sc.) Legal branch	. 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 56 . 57 . 58 . 59 . 60 . 62 . 63 . 64 . 65 . 66
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers Military drivers Military musicians Athletes Applying for special duties Physicians, dentists, veterinarians and pharmacists (M.Sc.)	. 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 56 . 57 . 58 . 59 . 60 . 62 . 63 . 64 . 65 . 66
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers Military drivers Military drivers Military musicians Athletes Applying for special duties Physicians, dentists, veterinarians and pharmacists (M.Sc.) Legal branch Ecclesiastical branch	. 53 . 53 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 56 . 57 . 58 . 62 . 62 . 62 . 65 . 66 . 66
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers Military drivers Military musicians Athletes Applying for special duties Physicians, dentists, veterinarians and pharmacists (M.Sc.) Legal branch	. 53 . 53 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 56 . 57 . 58 . 62 . 62 . 62 . 65 . 66 . 66
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers Military drivers Military musicians Athletes Applying for special duties Physicians, dentists, veterinarians and pharmacists (M.Sc.) Legal branch Ecclesiastical branch	. 53 . 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 57 . 58 . 59 . 60 . 62 . 63 . 65 . 66 . 66 . 67
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers Military drivers Military musicians Athletes Applying for special duties Physicians, dentists, veterinarians and pharmacists (M.Sc.) Legal branch Ecclesiastical branch	. 53 . 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 57 . 58 . 59 . 60 . 62 . 63 . 65 . 66 . 66 . 67
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers Military drivers Military drivers Military musicians Athletes Applying for special duties Physicians, dentists, veterinarians and pharmacists (M.Sc.) Legal branch Ecclesiastical branch Contact information After military service Training by the National Defence	53 53 54 55 555 555 555 557 58 59 600 622 633 644 655 666 667 669
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers Military drivers Military drivers Athletes Applying for special duties Physicians, dentists, veterinarians and pharmacists (M.Sc.) Legal branch Ecclesiastical branch Contact information After military service Training by the National Defence Training Association	. 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 56 . 57 . 58 . 59 . 60 . 62 . 63 . 64 . 65 . 66 . 66 . 67 . 69 . 71
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers Military drivers Military musicians Athletes Applying for special duties Physicians, dentists, veterinarians and pharmacists (M.Sc.) Legal branch Ecclesiastical branch Contact information After military service Training by the National Defence Training Association Military professions	. 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 56 . 57 . 58 . 59 . 60 . 62 . 63 . 64 . 65 . 66 . 66 . 67 . 69 . 71
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers Military drivers Military musicians Athletes Applying for special duties Physicians, dentists, veterinarians and pharmacists (M.Sc.) Legal branch Ecclesiastical branch Contact information After military service Training by the National Defence Training Association Military professions Become a contractual soldier on the	. 53 . 54 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 56 . 57 . 58 . 60 . 62 . 63 . 64 . 65 . 66 . 66 . 66 . 67 . 71 . 71
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers Military drivers Military musicians Athletes Applying for special duties Physicians, dentists, veterinarians and pharmacists (M.Sc.) Legal branch Ecclesiastical branch Contact information After military service Training by the National Defence Training by the National Defence Training Association Military professions Become a contractual soldier on the Defence Forces special forces course	. 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 57 . 58 . 57 . 58 . 57 . 62 . 62 . 62 . 63 . 64 . 65 . 66 . 67 . 69 . 71 . 71
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers Military drivers Military drivers Military musicians Athletes Applying for special duties Physicians, dentists, veterinarians and pharmacists (M.Sc.) Legal branch Ecclesiastical branch Ecclesiastical branch Contact information After military service Training by the National Defence Training Association Military professions Become a contractual soldier on the Defence Forces special forces course Civilian tasks within the Defence Forces	. 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 57 . 60 . 62 . 62 . 62 . 63 . 64 . 65 . 66 . 67 . 69 . 71 . 71 . 71 . 72
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers Military drivers Military drivers Athletes Applying for special duties Physicians, dentists, veterinarians and pharmacists (M.Sc.) Legal branch Ecclesiastical branch Contact information After military service Training by the National Defence Training Association Military professions Become a contractual soldier on the Defence Forces special forces course Civilian tasks within the Defence Forces Working in the Border Guard	. 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 57 . 58 . 59 . 60 . 62 . 62 . 62 . 63 . 64 . 65 . 66 . 66 . 67 . 71 . 71 . 72 . 73
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers Military drivers Military drivers Military musicians Athletes Applying for special duties Physicians, dentists, veterinarians and pharmacists (M.Sc.) Legal branch Ecclesiastical branch Ecclesiastical branch Contact information After military service Training by the National Defence Training Association Military professions Become a contractual soldier on the Defence Forces special forces course Civilian tasks within the Defence Forces	. 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 57 . 58 . 59 . 60 . 62 . 62 . 62 . 63 . 64 . 65 . 66 . 66 . 67 . 71 . 71 . 72 . 73
Special application process Apply online Applying for special duties Tasks to be applied for through the special application process Paratroopers Divers Special border jaegers Finnish Rapid Deployment Force Cyber conscript training Electronic warfare training Pilots Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics Air picture and fighter controllers Military drivers Military drivers Athletes Applying for special duties Physicians, dentists, veterinarians and pharmacists (M.Sc.) Legal branch Ecclesiastical branch Contact information After military service Training by the National Defence Training Association Military professions Become a contractual soldier on the Defence Forces special forces course Civilian tasks within the Defence Forces Working in the Border Guard	. 53 . 53 . 54 . 54 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 55 . 57 . 58 . 57 . 58 . 59 . 60 . 62 . 62 . 63 . 64 . 65 . 66 . 66 . 67 . 71 . 71 . 71 . 71 . 71 . 71 . 73 . 73

Entering service with an open mind





Officer Candidate Anton, 15. Special Border Jaeger Course

Back in high school, the military service stories I had heard from my older friends started to forge a rough picture of conscript service in my mind, but in reality, life as a conscript didn't open up to me until I entered service myself. Not until the call-ups were going on did I start considering applying to the special border jaeger course and, in fact, at my call-up, I was encouraged to do so. I decided to apply, because I didn't have anything to lose. Even after the selection tests, I was a bit uncertain whether I wanted or would be able to perform my military service in the Special Border Jaeger Company. When I received a call to do my service on the course, I decided that I should strive to benefit from conscript service to a maximum and challenge myself as best I could, This has surely been one of the best decisions I have made in my life.

On the day of reporting for service, on the way to my unit, I met some familiar faces from the selection tests, and that is when our team spirit started to kindle. From the first morning wake up call on, the nervousness and anticipation started to unwind, and you got used to military service in no time at all. The open atmosphere in the barracks room helped me adapt to the new environment.

Applying for the course is voluntary, which was evident from day one telling by the group's motivation and willingness to perform their military service as well as possible. This also boosted my motivation. The training was often physically and psychologically challenging, which helped diversify your physical fitness built before military service. There were ample opportunities to test your boundaries in the course of service. The march of Jukajärvi was an example of this: the march was run in combat gear at the end of the branch training phase.

All special border jaegers are trained to be NCOs at a minimum. The company receives only one contingent per year, so everybody gained versatile experience from peer leadership from the very beginning of service. I for mine ended up in the reserve officer programme in the autumn at the end of the NCO1 phase. The reserve officer course was conducted in Utti on a special operations force programme which deepened leadership training especially from the perspective of special operations force leadership. In special forces, a soldier who leads his troops showing his own example is regarded as a good leader. A leader must show determination and competence. SOF leadership means that you have to be able to manage large entities and coordinate and use the competence of soldiers who are specialists in different branches. I think that the leadership experience I gained corresponds to leadership in civilian working life as well.

The decision-making capability, stress resilience and persistence grown along with leadership training and



Officer Candidate Anton

the entire service will certainly provide good starting points for coping with the challenges of the future. Based on my experience, special border jaeger training gives excellent capabilities for being successful in the future, be it for a military or any other career. In fact, after military service I will embark on studies in university feeling comfortable, because I know that with the right kind of attitude and doing your best you are sure to get far also in the reserve.

Corporal Markus Laurila, Lapland Border Guard Border Jaeger Company

When he was in junior high, Markus Laurila, from Tyrnävä, heard about the Ivalo Border Jaeger Company, and he knew that that was where he wanted to do his military service. In the Border Jaeger Company, what caught Laurila's interest was the idea that serving there you would get to spend a lot of time in the forest and do tangible things. The decision made in junior high stuck, and today, he is assigned as a combat lifesaver or medic in a reconnaissance patrol.

Before his military service, Laurila did not know much about the Border Jaeger Company, so for him, starting service was a jump in the unknown. His memories of the first morning wakeup are obscure and stressful. – The first wakeup was a bit horrible for sure, Laurila says with a laugh.

Laurila says he was motivated to start military service. – Motivation is not a constant; sometimes you're completely in the zone and sometimes you're not that motivated. It depends largely, for example, on how you have slept. In general, there has been a good vibe all along, Laurila says.

Laurila took a two-week combat lifesaver course in Kajaani. He ended up on the course by coincidence being asked by a lieutenant during the oath march if he would be willing to go to Kajaani. In 1,5 seconds flat he made up his mind, a decision he has never regretted. Lauri is confident his service assignment will be an asset for him in the future as well, because the medic course sparked his interest in health care. – My path may take me to paramedic studies, Laurila contemplates.

According to Laurila, a good conscript leader is impartial and trustworthy, a person who leads his subordinates by setting an example and does what he has said he would.

Laurila admits that even if military service in Ivalo was physical indeed, making it still depended on psychological courage. – If you can take it psychologically, your body can take it, too. The battle is psychological, Laurila describes saying that military service boosted his physical fitness, which shows as constantly improved Cooper running test results and a positive increase in body mass.

All in all, military service has brought along awesome experiences. Laurila admits that every now and then, he has had second thoughts about his choices during service, but that he's happy not to have given up. – Longer camps in the forest are not that nice, but as soon as you get back to the barracks, it's maybe the best feeling ever. And if you get to go to the sauna that same evening, it's absolutely awesome. That is when you re-



Corporal Markus Laurila

Recruit Sonja Niskanen

member why you're here, that you've exceeded yourself, got back to the barracks and made it through the exercise, Laurila describes his feelings. – As a matter of fact, I have said to all those who have asked if coming to Ivalo is worth the shot, that if you really want to challenge yourself, it is definitely worth it, Laurila adds.

Laurila encourages future conscripts to try to enjoy their military service time which, according to him, is the best time of your life, even if it doesn't always feel like it. – In conscript service, you get lots of good friends and at times, it's even fun, he sums up.

Recruit Sonja Niskanen, North Karelia Border Guard Border Jaeger Company

Sonja Niskanen started women's voluntary military service in the North Karelia Border Guard Border Jaeger Company in July 2022.

- In fact, the Border Jaeger Company was my very first choice. My very first to be exact. I'm happy I got here, says Niskanen who comes from Oulu.

She is set on showing she can make it. Niskanen wants to show she will do as well in military service as men. She didn't have expectations that great for military service.

- Before service, I thought it would be challenging for sure. In the Border Guard, the physical side comes to the fore. But my motivation is very high, especially because I'm in military service voluntarily. I want to be here for real and show that women, too, can do military service. Not even the first morning was as bad as many people say. I'm glad it didn't come as such a shock.

Niskanen got ready for conscript service by jogging, for example. In the Border Jaeger Company, conscripts are trained for demanding reconnaissance tasks, and border jaegers have to be able to function in demanding circumstances. Having a good basic fitness level is an advantage in military service, and so it was for Niskanen.

 Horse racing has been a hobby of mine since I was a little girl. I also ran and trained at the gym before military service.

For Niskanen, the toughest experience in the first stages of service involved training in the terrain.

- So far, I guess the toughest thing physically has been an exercise which trained single soldiers advancing. But I made it, too.

According to Niskanen, good conscript leaders lead by setting a good example by their own behaviour and take everybody into account.

I think a good conscript leader helps and encourages you in every situation and treats everybody the same. It's important to set a good example.

Leadership training may also turn out to be an advantage in the future. Niskanen agrees.

 I'm interested in leadership training, and I would like to be accepted to the NCO course. It would be an advantage in general in the future for sure.

Niskanen has a simple piece of advice for women willing to do military service.

- You should not worry about what the others would think or whether you would be up to it. Yes, you will, if you want to.

Future conscript The security of Finland and the regional division of Finland's military national defence

"You are the best person to defend our country"

Finland needs your effort, because you are the best person to defend our country, our independence and our territorial integrity. Military national defence based on general conscription and your own input guarantee that your rights and the rights of everyone living in our country are not violated against, and that noone can threaten our life here in Finland.

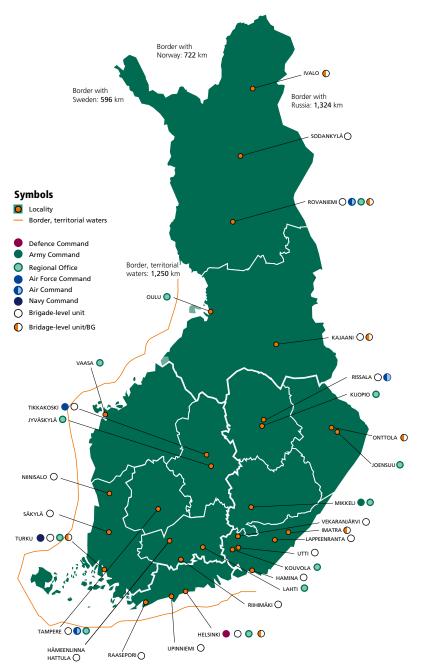
Finland maintains and develops its national defence and a credible military capability. Finland strives to stay outside of international conflicts and look for peaceful solutions to such situations.

Finland has maintained its own defence capability and will do so also in the future. Independence and safe conditions for our citizens must be maintained – they are what Finland has fought for in previous wars. As a conscript, in other words, you are an important part of our national defence.

During your military service you will be given training which will enable you to effectively defend Finland and those close to you, including yourself. The FDF trains every conscript for a specific wartime duty.

By performing your military service to the best of your abilities you will best demonstrate your willingness to secure the future of our country. Those who are not able to help secure their country and its rights are also depending on you.

A possible Nato membership will not diminish the need for a strong defence of our own. Finland's military defence remains the core task of the Defence Forces, and Finland continues to decide on the principles of the implementation of national military defence itself.



Tasks of the Finnish Defence Forces

The Defence Forces must be at the disposal of the state authorities to ensure the independence of our country by arms in such cases where all other measures have been exhausted. The most important task of the Defence Forces is by its mere existence to prevent our country from becoming involved in war.

The tasks of the Defence Forces are:

- 1) The military defence of Finland, which is to:
 - a. monitor the land and sea areas of Finland and its airspace, and to ensure the territorial integrity of Finland;
 - b. secure the livelihood and basic rights of the population and the freedom of action of the government, and to defend the legal social structure;
 - c. provide military education, to guide voluntary national defence and to promote the will to defend the country.
- 2) Giving support to other authorities, by
 - a. providing executive assistance to maintain law and order and security, to prevent and interrupt crimes of terrorism and other crimes which might endanger life and health and tosecure society in general
 - take part in rescue activities by providing equipment, personnel and expert advice when needed;
- take part in providing aid, regional surveillance cooperation or otherwise providing aid and participating in international activities as mentioned in Article 222 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the

European Union or in Article 42 paragraph 7 of the Treaty on European Union;

4) participating in international military crisis management and in military duties in other international crisis management.

Finland's defence solution

Finland's military defence is implemented according to the principle of territorial defence. Territorial defence means that the vital functions of society are secured and assets and functions that are important from the point of view of military activity are protected in cooperation with other authorities. An invader's entry into areas that are important from the point of view of the functioning of the nation, along with the invader's possibility to influence the vital functions of society, are prevented. Areas that are important from the point of view of the country's own activities are held under all circumstances. Attacks are repelled and if necessary the invader is defeated through a joint ground, sea and air operation and the Defence Forces' joint capabilities.

Defence delays the enemy and causes casualties to his manpower and materiel. The enemy is pushed back and defeated in a decisive place of our own choosing using ground defence. Air defence is used to prevent an attacker from gaining air superiority and to protect the vital functions of society and friendly units. The task of maritime defence is to repel attacks by sea and secure the sea lines of communication of the nation.

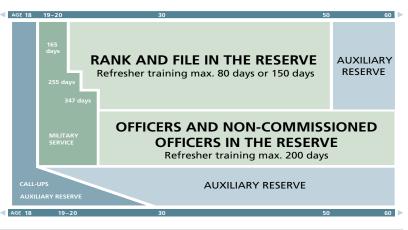
All three services, along with theBorder Guard, and civilian authorities take part in the realisation of ground, sea and air defence. Conscripts performing their service are an important part of this system.



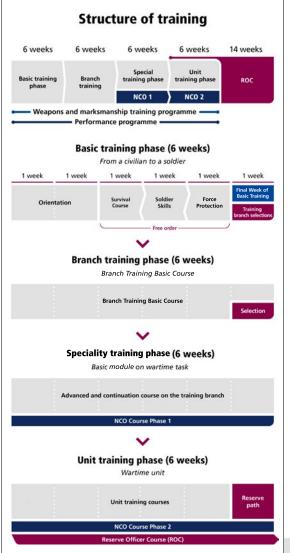
Every man is liable for military service

The civic duty defined in section 2 of the Conscription Act, starts at the beginning of the year in which a young man reaches his eighteenth birthday and continues until the end of the year in which he turns sixty. A man liable for military service is either in service, in the reserve or in the auxiliary reserve.

In general, military service is performed at the age of 19–20. In special cases, men enter service between the ages of 18 and 29.



Period of liability for military service in Finland is 43 years.



Military service lasts 165, 255 or 347 days. The service period for an officer, non-commissioned officer and conscripts being trained for especially demanding rank and file duties is 347 days. The service period for conscripts trained for demanding rank and file tasks that require special and professional skills is 255 days. Unarmed service lasts 255 or 347 days. The service period for other rank and file duties is 165 days.

The task for which a conscript is trained and the related service period is determined based on selections made in the brigade-level units. The majority of conscripts serve 347 days. This is why, when entering service, you should always be prepared to serve the maximum period of service, i.e. 347 days.

More specific information about the length of service is available at the call-ups, the intti.fi website, the material sent to you by your brigade-level unit before service and by directly contacting the brigade-level unit responsible for the training in question. Contact information can be found on page 66 of this booklet.

The aim of conscript training is to produce troops with good combat efficiency and skilled and capable personnel for placement in the wartime units of the Defence Forces. In addition, training helps maintain basic readiness and the capability to raise readiness when necessary.

Training phases (165-347 days).

Voluntary military service for women

The requirements for women's voluntary military service are: Finnish citizenship, 18-29 years of age at the start of military service, suitability in terms of health for military training. At the earliest you can apply during the year that you turn 18.

A woman who has received an order to enter military service, must give notice in writing if she decides she will not enter into service. Correspondingly, a woman who has begun her military service may give notice within 30 days of the date of entry into service, that she will not continue her service. Within 30 days, the commander of a brigade-level unit can revoke the order to enter service given to a female conscript, if the person concerned is not fit for service as referred to in Section 9 of the Conscription Act. A woman who has been ordered into service is subject to regulations concerning all conscripts.

After their service, women enter the reserve and are called to refresher training according to the same principles as men and they are subject to the Conscription Act until the end of the year that they reach the age of 60.

Applying to serve

The 12 Regional Offices of the Defence Forces process the applications, accept them and give the service orders to women who have applied to do voluntary military service. Selections through the special application process is the responsibility of the brigade-level unit in question. Instructions for applying are available at the regional offices, other FDF service points and the Defence Forces website. Applying to military service is done primarily through the Defence Forces E-service at asiointi.puolustusvoimat.fi. Online applications including attachments must be sent on 15 January at the latest. If applying online is not possible, you can submit a paper application form. Your paper application with attachments must arrive at the regional office that your home municipality belongs to by 15 January at the latest. You can apply to both contingents of the three years following the year of application and the July contingent of the year of application. The number accepted

to the July contingent of the year of application is limited. You can find the coming years' general dates of entry into service and mustering out on page 16. The instructions on how to apply for special forces can be found on page 53.

The regional offices and brigade-level units responsible for the special application process will notify those selected on the basis of applications about the selection events, where information on voluntary military service is given, applicants are interviewed and their state of health is determined. The selection events are held in April. After this, an order to enter service is sent to those who have been chosen for service. Those who have not been chosen will receive a notification telling them their application was not successful. Women begin their service at the same time as men.

Unless otherwise stated in your employment contract or agreed with your employer, the selection day is an unpaid day off. You must cover yourself the travel costs relating to applying. You may be reimbursed for costs relating to a medical examination. You may seek reimbursement when you submit your online application through the Defence Forces E-service or keep the receipts and take them to the selection event with you.

The following documents must be included with the paper application:

- Application to voluntary service
- A doctor's certificate on the applicant's state of health (Defence Forces' form)

A word on special arrangements

Military service for women is carried out in all Services and Branches. Military tasks are not assigned according to gender. Assignment to different tasks is determined based on the demands of the task and on suitability. The contents of women's training and equipment are the same as those of other conscripts. Entry requirements for the special operations forces or special branches are the same as for men, and so are opportunities for leadership training and later a military career. Women's physical fitness is maintained according to the same principles as men's.

Women's military service is organised with as minor special arrangements as possible. There are separate rooms for women in garrison barracks. Some garrisons are piloting shared accommodation where men and women share the same barrack rooms on a voluntary basis. There are separate sanitary facilities and showers for women and men. In field exercises, during military exercises and on naval warships separate accommodation is not arranged. Pregnancy is grounds for interruption of military service. A separate decision on how the service is to be continued is made later.



Before military service



At the call-up: you are given information and guidance, your official identity is verified, your state of health is checked, you can express your wishes on your upcoming military service, important decisions on your military service are made, including whether you are fit for military service, when and where you begin your service, issues related to exemption and decisions on applications.

First to the call-up

Call-ups are organised every year between August and December. They concern male Finnish citizens that reach the age of 18 during the year in question. In addition such persons also take part in the call-ups, who have been ordered to be re-evaluated in that year's call-up, and people under thirty years of age who have not reported to previous call-ups and who have not been separately evaluated.

Everyone who is liable for military service will receive this booklet, questionnaires and call-up notice in the mail.The notice gives you information on the arrangement of call-ups in different municipalities. Even if you have not received this consignment due to, for example, a change of address, this does not give you the right to stay away from the call-up. The call-up notice can also be found on the website of the Defence Forces at www. puolustusvoimat.fi and on the official notice board of your municipality. Failing to arrive at the call-up without a legal reason is punishable in accordance with the Conscription Act. If you move to a different municipality before the call-up, you should contact the regional office of your new area of residence in good time before the call-up. Unless otherwise stated in your employment contract or agreed with your employer, the call-up day is an unpaid day off from work.

Remember that you must submit a notification of move to the Digital and Population Data Services Agency when you move permanently from one address to another or when the duration of a temporary move is longer than three months. You must give your notification of move within one week after your move at the latest. You can file your notification for example via the Agency's online service www.muuttoilmoitus.fi. Additional information on matters relating to your notification of move is available at your nearest Digital and Population Data Services Agency service point or dvv.fi.

Physical examinations

According to law, physical examinations of men of callup age are carried out at municipal health centres be-



Photo: JAAKKO ALA-HIIRO

fore the autumn call-up. This check-up does not exempt you from the actual call-up. A youth health certificate does not exempt you from the preliminary physical examination. If you have a doctor's certificate from a specialist, bring it with you to the preliminary physical examination and the call-up.

Travel expenses to health centres are not refundable, nor are possible specialist's medical certificates.

Questionnaire

The determination of your fitness for military service, service location and branch of training is affected by the answers you give on the preliminary questionnaire. Questionnaires should be filled in carefully and returned as instructed. The authorities handling the information you provide are bound to confidentiality.

The wishes you express in your answers regarding service location and start of service are taken into consideration where possible. Conscripts are not assigned directly to the special operations forces or to a special branch at the call-up but are chosen on the basis of applications and selection examinations. They are assigned a reserve location at the call-up.

• Further information on the special operations forces and branches on pages 53–65.

The call-up

To the call-up, you should bring your driving licence, passport or some other official identification card as well as the necessary medical and study certificates.

Persons who are temporarily resident in a different locality can also go to the call-up there or to the closest possible call-up location. However, you must agree on this with your own regional office in good time before the planned call-up day.

Persons residing abroad are not required to attend the call-up in person. They can manage their call-up affairs by proxy in Finland. Those residing abroad may send the required call-up documents also to the closest Finnish mission, which will send them to Finland.

Most employers pay you your daily salary when you attend the call-up like for any other normal working day even though no such obligation is included in collective agreements. Travel expenses to call-ups are not refundable.

At the call-up:

- you are given information and guidance
- your personal information is verified
- your state of health is checked
- conscripts' wishes are heard
- decisions regarding the conscript are made:
 - decision on fitness for military service
 - decision regarding the date and location of entry into service
 - matters relating to exemption from service.

Reporting for service

When the age group is divided into contingents, we strive to take into consideration among other things also the wishes you have expressed. We recommend that those taking their matriculation examination in the spring following the call-up should apply to be included in the January contingent of the next year. If your studies/school does not pose a problem, we recommend that you be in the contingent entering service in January immediately following the call-up. The winter contingent also enables you to improve your grades in the autumn or to improve your financial situation by working.

The general reporting for service takes place twice a year in January and July. The Sports School has different dates of reporting for service.

How your service location is determined

A general rule of principle is to place conscripts in brigade-level units located near their home. The aim is also to place conscripts in such military training and tasks that correspond with their education, profession, plans for the future, skills and hobbies. However, the location of the brigade-level units, training possibilities and number of conscripts often make it impossible for all conscripts to be placed in the brigade-level unit closest to their home.

Swedish-speaking conscripts are mainly trained in the Nyland Brigade in Raasepori. If they so wish, this brigade-level unit also takes conscripts who have Finnish as their mother tongue but also speak Swedish in case there are enough places available.

Try to think beforehand about your wishes concerning what service and branch of training you want to do your service. In what tasks could you make use of your civilian knowledge and skills? What training can the Defence Forces provide that would benefit you in your studies or professional life? Notice that similar tasks can be found in different branches.

Make your wishes clearly known to the Call-up Board!

The Military Service Register

The Military Service Register obtains information necessary for the determination of conscripts' fitness for service, ordering into service, planning and arranging training and service. Information can be obtained and released on the basis of the Act on the processing of personal data in the Defence Forces. The register obtains information from the Digital and Population Data Services Agency, healthcare services providers, social and police authorities among others. The register can release information to e.g. the Police and the Social Insurance Institution. According to the Youth Act, the Defence Forces is required to release individualisation and contact information to a young person's home municipality for youth work purposes.involving a young person who is in need of support, for example after having been exempted from military service due to lacking fitness for service or dropping out of military service. The need for releasing information is always evaluated depending on the case. You can obtain a copy of your own register at your regional office.



Try to think of which service and branch you would like to serve in before you start military service.

General dates of entry into service and mustering out

Army, Navy, Air Force and Border Guard

Entering service	Mustering out 165 days	255 days	347 days
I/2024 8 JAN 2024	20 JUN 2024	18 SEP 2024	19 DEC 2024
II/2024 8 JUL 2024	19 DEC 2024	19 MAR 2025	19 JUN 2025
I/2025 6 JAN 2025	19 JUN 2025	17 SEP 2025	18 DEC 2025
II/2025 7 JUL 2025	18 DEC 2025	18 MAR 2026	18 JUN 2026
I/2026 5 JAN 2026	18 JUN 2026	16 SEP 2026	17 DEC 2026
II/2026 6 JUL 2026	17 DEC 2026	17 MAR 2027	17 JUN 2027

You must report for duty by 1600 hours on the day of entry into service. Starting dates of the Sports School can be found on page 63.

Decisions made upon application

Changing the location or date of entry into service

It is recommended that conscript service should be started as soon as possible after finishing school and before starting a family, long-term studies, moving abroad or starting up one's own business. Performing your conscript service when older is often experienced as burdensome because of economic or family-related worries, for example.

The date of entry into service can be changed upon application if it is seen as particularly important

- because of graduating to a profession or because of studies,
- in order to be able to arrange your financial circumstances,
- other similar special personal reasons.

The service location can be changed if it is absolutely necessary for the conscript for some special personal reason.

Submit your application to the Regional Office. The reason for applying must be explained and a certificate of proof of the necessity for changing the date must be included, for example a certificate of an educational establishment regarding the duration of studies. Applications must be submitted in good time before the beginning of service. Having left in an application is not sufficient justification for failing to enter service.

Application forms and additional information are provided by regional offices, the Defence Forces' website and at call-up locations.

If you have more than one nationality

Foreign citizens who have gained Finnish citizenship and who have completed the compulsory peacetime military service of their former home country, or a portion of if (at least four (4) months) can upon application be exempted from military service in peacetime. Decisions regarding exemption are made by the regional offices.

In peacetime, upon application for special reasons, the Regional Office can exempt from peacetime military service a Finnish citizen who is also the citizen of another country, if this person's domicile proper is not in Finland and he does not have any real ties to Finland.

Regarding the conscription of a Finnish citizen who also holds Norwegian, Swedish or Danish citizenship, that which is ordered in previously made agreements (Agreement 44/68) between the contracting countries in question is also in force. In addition, a corresponding agreement was made between the United States of America and Finland (Agreement 25/39) concerning conscription. A Finnish citizen, in relation to whom the aforementioned agreements apply, is not liable for military service, nor does he need to carry out service in relation to his liability for military service in Finland during a time when he is considered to be a citizen of a contracting country other than Finland.

Persons with multiple nationalities living in contracting countries do not need to apply separately for exemption as the aforementioned agreements apply to them. Persons with multiple nationalities living in the aforementioned contracting countries are encouraged to clarify their own position at the Finnish Embassy, consulate or their own supervisory Regional Office in Finland.

A person liable for military service is not obligated to report for the call-up or military service if he is also a citizen of another country and his place of domicile has been elsewhere than in Finland for the last seven years. Such persons do not need to apply separately for exemption.

An exempted multinational conscript can be ordered into service, if he moves to Finland before the end of the year in which he turns 29.

Decisions on exemption as well as agreement interpretations are based on the address and citizenship data of the population data system. Therefore it is a good idea to check with the Digital and Population Data Services Agency or mission that your data is correct. In addition, multi-nationals coming from abroad to serve who are 21 years or older, should make sure that they are not about to lose, or have not lost their Finnish citizenship at the age of 22.

Further information at:

migri.fi dvv.fi

Contact information of Finnish missions abroad at formin.fi

Unarmed service

If your religious or ethical convictions prevent you from completing armed military service and you apply for unarmed service, you are relieved from armed service and ordered into unarmed service. The service time for unarmed service is at least 255 days, or 347 days, if required by the task trained for.

Information on applying for unarmed service is available on the Defence Forces website, at Regional Offices, and call-ups.

Non-military (civil) service

If as a conscript you have strong personal convictions that prevent you from doing the military service that is required by law, you are exempt from service and ordered to do non-military service instead. Non-military service includes a basic training period, community service, continuing training, additional service and service during mobilisation. Non-military service takes 347 days. The training period is 28 days and community service 319 days.

You can apply to do non-military service before, during or after the law requires you to perform military service. However, you cannot apply for non-military service before call-ups. For information on how to apply for non-military service go to siviilipalveluskeskus.fi, contact your regional office or ask personnel during the call-up.

Those with right of residence on Åland

Persons who have the right of domicile (regional citizenship) on the Åland islands and persons who have moved to Åland under the age of 12 and who have regional citizenship can instead of carrying out military service, serve in a similar way at a pilot station or lighthouse service or within some other civilian administration. Until this type of service can be arranged, those with regional citizenship are exempted from carrying out military service.

Is your physical condition good enough to meet the challenges of military service?

The portion of the Soldier's Body physical training programme in the conscript training system is significant and that of physical training almost half of it. The aim of the training is to provide conscripts with sufficient know-how to maintain their level of physical performance in the reserve which is required for performing their emergency conditions task. Good physical fitness helps to improve your own health, working capacity and quality of life.

If you doubt your fitness

Start versatile fitness training without delay. Remember that you get in better shape if you exercise 3-4 times per week for at least 30 minutes each time. You will find that increasing your fitness does not require a great commitment in your weekly routines.

Military service includes a lot of walking. You can get used to walking in advance by increasing your daily amount of walking. If where you are going is not too far, walk instead of taking the car. Instead of using the elevator of lift, take the stairs. By changing your routines and the ways in which you move, you will get in better shape without even noticing it.

Stamina and muscle strength are the most important basic qualities needed in military training. Nor should you forget about the speed and agility needed for fighting in urban areas, for example.

Endurance can easily be developed through walking, Nordic walking, running, swimming, bicycling, rowing, roller-skating or cross-country skiing. You should do aerobic fitness exercises 1-2 times per week. One exercise session should last at least 30-60 minutes and it should make you a bit short of breath and break out a sweat.

Muscular fitness can be improved by e.g. working out at a gym, fitness boxing and martial arts. You should do muscle strength exercises covering your whole body 2-3 times per week. One exercise session should last at least 30-60 minutes. You can also do physical exercises at intervals during the day. Do for example 10 push-ups, 20 sit-ups and 20 squats both morning and evening to start with. You will notice that you will improve quickly.

In addition to improving your aerobic and muscle fitness, it is good to work on your agility, speed and motor skills 1-2 times per week. Working on these abilities can be combined with your warm-up and cool down stretches while doing endurance or muscle fitness. The stretches can include for example different motor function, jump and leap, spurt and balance exercises. Also, for example, ball sports, gymnastics and athletics are well-suited for improving agilty, speed and motor skills.

Fitness training should be started progressively and carefully, taking into consideration one's own starting level. For those who have done less exercising, training should be easy and short (20-30 minutes) during the first weeks. The level of exertion is increased as fitness improves for example by moving to a more demanding exercise environment, lengthening the duration of the exercises and increasing the number of repetitions. When exercising to improve your fitness it is very important to do different kinds of exercises.

Download the Defence Forces' free MarsMars application on your mobile phone. It allows you to do a fitness survey and use ready training programmes and instructions. With Marsmars.fi you can keep an eye on your training and if you want, you can invite a friend to provide you support.

Getting through military training is by no means impossible for a healthy young person, but good endurance and muscular fitness help you recuperate from the strain caused by training more quickly.

Testing of fitness

Before beginning fitness training you should make sure that you are in good health. If necessary you can see a doctor for a check-up. It would be a good idea to take a physical fitness test to check if your level of fitness is up to expectations. Take the Defence Forces Marsmars fitness test which will give you your training programme. The service also contains a large selection of training videos that give you tips for safe and varied fitness training.

You can test your fitness level by taking the so-called Cooper test. Walk, jog or run for 12 minutes at as good a pace as possible. The test will tell you quite reliably the state of your respiratory and circulatory system as well as your physical fitness. If you run more than 2,800 metres in 12 minutes, your physical fitness is good. If your result is less than 2,200 metres you should start regular all-round exercising as soon as possible. During the first weeks of conscript service your endurance will be tested with a 12 minute running test (so called Cooper test) and your muscle fitness will be tested with a fitness test consisting of push ups, sit ups and standing long jump. Your ability to swim may also be tested with a 200 metre swim test. You should train these abilities and practice the techniques already before starting military service, since repeating them will help you prepare and improve your ability to do well in them.

More information about the Finnish Defence Forces physical training is available at https://puolustusvoimat.fi/web/sotilasliikunta/etusivu

Recovery and nutrition

In order for your fitness to rise optimally, you must also allow your system to recover. Remember that it is only during recovery that your system develops and your level of fitness rises.

You can help your recovery with the following:

- fitness exercises should always be preceded and followed by a warm-up and cool-down (10-15 minutes)
- regular muscle care/maintenance is a natural part of fitness training: (15-30 min/session): stretching the main muscle groups for 30 seconds after exercising, foam rolling during cool down, exercises increasing mobility, and 1 minute stretches.

- Proper hydration during and after exercising (a sip of water every 15 minutes)
- exercise that is easy and aims for recovery after hard training and training periods (30–45 min), e.g. walking, Nordic walking, swimming, bicycling at an easy pace speed up recovery better than staying still. The intensity in recovery exercises should be low and a good practical advice is that you should be able to move without being out of breath.
- healthy and versatile nutrition
- regular and sufficient rest and sleep, 7-8 hours per day
- a regular, versatile and a stimulating life style. Smoking and alcohol slow down the recovery process.

A healthy diet includes enough essential nutrients (vitamins and minerals) and energy to meet the body's needs. Replace hard saturated fats with soft and unsaturated fats. Avoid refined carbohydrates that are rapidly absorbed. Don't overuse salt and alcohol. **Pay attention**

to at least the following things in your diet:

- Vegetables, berries and fruit lighten your diet and promote a healthy heart. Eat half a kilo of these every day.
- Wholegrain products, beans, lentils, vegetables, nuts and seeds guarantee a sufficient amount of fibre (slow carbohydrates).
- Decreasing your salt-intake helps to prevent and control elevated blood pressure.
- Suitably sized portions and regular meals will keep your mind alert.

Tobacco products

Smoking and taking snuff are hazardous to your general health and the health of your mouth, not to mention cosmetic harm. The use of tobacco and nicotine products weakens your physical performance and recovery and increases the risk of different types of cancer. Snuff may contain up to 20 times more nicotine than tobacco, and it is highly addictive. So far, the long-term effects of snuff use have been studied less than those of smoking. However, we already know that snuff is particularly harmful to the oral mucosa and teeth, and it exposes you to cancer and cardio-vascular diseases.

The immediate benefits of stopping the use of tobacco products include improved health, including fewer infections, improved alertness and saving money. You can check if you are addicted to nicotine at https://www. filha.fi/hankkeet/irti-nuuskasta/

Getting psychologically ready for military service

Conscript service is different from the situations and life experiences most young people have experienced before. You will face a lot of new people in conscript service and do things according to specific instructions and schedules as part of a larger group. Life in the garrison may feel stressful at times, because it is not as free as in civilian life. In civilian life you can avoid going out of your comfort zone, but in conscript service it is not necessarily always possible.

Doing your conscript service requires flexibility and some social skills, such as adapting to common accommodations, to a chain of command and working as a section. You also need to be able to fit together your conscript service and civilian life. You get the most out of military service if you see it as an opportunity to improve yourself. It will give you many useful skills and experiences for your future.

Here you have a few tips that will help you get prepared for military service psychologically as well. If you feel stressed about military service, you should share your worries by talking about them with your friends, family or in military service, with other conscripts, supervisors or garrison support personnel. Speaking makes things easier. Think about things that make you feel good; think about them in difficulties. Learn a relaxation exercise, for example. Do sports regularly; physical exercise makes it easier to cope with stress. Take care of your relationships and make them stronger, because they make it easier for you to deal with stress. Humour comes in handy, because it alleviates stress. Remember to laugh with other people, not at other people. Positive thinking helps no matter how difficult the situation is. You will see: military service will not take forever.

Recruit letter and preliminary questionnaire

Brigade-level units send recruit letters to future recruits about 2-3 months before the beginning of military service. The aim of the recruit letter is to wish the recruits welcome, guide them to fill in the preliminary questionnaire in the Finnish Defence Forces E-Service (asiointi. puolustusvoimat.fi) and provide instructions and information about military service and how to get prepared for it. You can also find the recruit letter on your brigade-level unit's website.

The purpose of the preliminary questionnaire is to find out about your motivation with regard to different training alternatives and the state of your physical fitness. The goal is to assign you to a company-level unit and platoon in accordance with the training option of your choice. Your answers will be taken into account for selecting a company-level unit, platoon and service task for you. However, your answers are not binding; during the basic training phase, you will be asked again what service tasks you would like to be assigned for.

You should answer the questionnaire primarily via the Finnish Defence Forces E-Service (asiointi.puolustusvoimat.fi). You can identify yourself in the E-Service with your online banking code, mobile ID or electronic identity card. Each brigade-level unit has its specific questionnaire in the E-Service.

Defence Forces' 12-minute fitness classification

Women's classification in parentheses

Less than 1950 m	Weak	(less than 1700 m)
1,950–2,500 m	Poor	(1,700–2,200 m)
2,500–2,700 m	Satisfactory	(2,200–2,400 m)

 2,700-2,900 m
 Good
 (2,400-2,600 m)

 2,900-3,100 m
 Commendable
 (2600-2800 m)

 More than 3,100 m
 Excellent
 (more than 2,800 m)

Military service

Reporting for service



Order to enter service

Your order to enter service will either be given to you at the call-up or posted to you. It will tell you when and at which brigade-level unit you must report for service. Your order to enter service also serves as your travel ticket: you can use it to take the train from your home municipality in Finland to the service location (the ticket is not valid in the HSL public transportation in the capital area). Instructions for travelling by bus will be included in your conscript letter.

Costs for other means of transportation will be reimbursed later at the service location for a receipt.

- compensation for travelling expenses from your home to your location of service for the part which the ticket included in the service order does not cover
- compensation for food costs if the trip takes more than six hours.

You must remember to present your tickets and other

receipts together with your application for reimbursement as soon as you enter service.

If before leaving for military service, you have such an accident or illness that prevents you from travelling or is a hindrance to carrying out your military service, you should contact the Regional Office. You must submit a medical certificate at the Regional Office concerning the type of illness or injury, the detriment it causes and its likely duration or development.

Only submitting in a certificate does not mean that you do not have to enter service, for this you need a separate decision from your Regional Office.

Leave early enough

Leave early enough. If you arrive at your brigade-level unit already around noon you will have time to collect your equipment and try it on without any hassle. Being late when arriving at your brigade-level unit caus-



es problems both for those receiving you and yourself. Failure to enter service on the designated date is punishable.

Don't make yourself the object of attention by arriving intoxicated and remember that drunkenness in a soldier is punishable, as is bringing intoxicants into the garrison area.

Guidance and transportation will be arranged from the local railway or bus station of your brigade-level unit. Where possible, at least your first trip to your service location should be made using public transportation.

What to bring?

When you leave for military service, wear practical clothes suited to the weather that you will take home with you on your first leave.

When you leave for military service, take the following with you:

- if you want to, you can bring your own shaving kit
- personal medication
- personal hygiene necessities
- social security card (KELA-card) and driving licence, passport (if you have one), or some other official identity card
- vaccination card
- if you want to, you can bring this Conscript booklet
- your bank account number (in IBAN form) and your online banking access codes

If you do not have a bank account in Finland, in an EU or EEA country, you must open an account before the start of military service. It is recommended to have a Finnish bank account, if you want to avoid possible account-use charges by foreign banks.

After some time, you can also bring sports equipment with you to the garrison. There is a locker or storage room at the brigade where you can store personal sports equipment.

The garrisons have a free WLAN network for conscripts. It would be a good idea to take your own mobile device with you. The company-level units distribute learning material and useful information using the Finnish Defence Forces online learning portal, PVMOO-DLE, so you can get information about current issues with your own mobile device regardless of the place and time. Company-level units also have a few mobile devices available, and you can borrow one if you don't have a device of your own.

Everyday life of a conscript

Day of reporting for service

You have entered into service the moment that you report to your brigade-level unit. According to law, a conscript is considered military personnel from the moment he/she should at the latest have arrived at his/her unit. The first day is reserved for picking up equipment. There will be no actual training yet so you can take time to get to know your new surroundings. The earlier you report to your unit the more time you will have to get used to life as a soldier.

The first morning

The first wake-up call in the military is memorable – though it is hardly as bad as in the stories you may have heard. The point is to start learning military promptness and punctuality right from the start. At the beginning, getting dressed and into formation with haste as well as military behaviour in general confuses anyone who is used to civilian life. At the beginning, it may feel like you are always in a hurry to wait somewhere, but this is part of it all, the idea is to get down to the actual training as soon as possible.

Don't be scared by the action-packed beginning. Everything will be taught to a recruit before he or she is required to know how to do it.

Training begins

Military service and the basic training phase start with a two-week orientation. The course teaches you the



The Soldier's Home serves conscripts in their free time.

basics of military service, the rights and obligations of a soldier, serving in a military organisation and the basics of occupational and in-service safety. This is when you get the necessary equipment and take the arrival tests required.

Don't brood over your problems

You should not hesitate to turn to your superiors. Your closest superior is your own **section leader**, usually of the rank of corporal. You can ask your section leader about anything that involves everyday service. If necessary, the section leader will ask you to go see your instructor who is a member of the regular staff. The **unit's company sergeant major** manages the practical administration and logistics of the unit. You can also turn to him/her e.g. in matters relating to travel reimbursements or leaves. The **unit commander** is responsible for the administration, training and welfare of his/her entire unit. Every conscript may turn to him/her whether the problems are related to military or civilian matters.

In the private, so-called arrival interviews, superiors get to know their subordinates and offer the opportunity for conscripts to present their own wishes and questions. Discussing these will make it easier for them to get used to military life. The Finnish Association for Mental Health has a national crisis hotline 09 2525 0111 available almost round the clock if you need to talk to someone.

Also the support personnel of your brigade-level unit (chaplain, physician, nurse, social welfare officer and conscript committee) are ready to provide help for solving problems.

Leave and free time

Time that is not counted as service or rest time is considered the conscript's own free time.

Service permitting, evening free time is usually from 1730 to 2130 hours. There can be exceptions to this because of training or readiness, catering arrangements or other reasons, such as maintenance or other preparations. You can use your own mobile devices during your free time.

Also recruits have the right to leave the garrison area – but not until after they have learned the basics of military behaviour. This aim should be achieved during the first two weeks of service. While on leave and during your free time you are allowed to wear civilian clothes outside of the garrison area. However, you must wear your military uniform when leaving to go on leave or free time and also when you return.

Weekend leave for conscripts who are not part of the on-site strength starts on Friday after service and ends on Sunday at 2100 to 2300 hours as a general rule, local circumstances taken into consideration. Usually once a month your weekend leave is extended to include Monday as personal leave. When included in the training plan, the weekend that is followed by personal leave is generally free.

It is important to leave enough time for returning from leave since being late may lead to disciplinary measures.

Further information on leave and travel, pages 34-35

The Soldier's Home canteen

The Soldier's Home is the conscript's place to "take a break" in the garrison. You can go there in your free time to relax and take a rest between service to enjoy games, books, magazines or coffee and pastries. The Soldier's Homes (often called "Sotkus") also serve soldiers during long field exercises.

Exercise during free time

Most garrisons have modern sports facilities. In your free time, you can use the garrison's indoors and outdoors sports facilities, for example the swimming pools, gyms, ball playing and martial arts halls, indoors firing ranges and street basketball courts. Conscripts' sports clubs organise versatile free time exercise activities in garrisons. Information about sports clubs including their timetables is provided on conscript social media channels and info displays. If you're interested in becoming in instructor in one of the sports clubs, contact your Conscript Committee or the local military sports club for more information.

More information at sotilasurheilu.fi (in Finnish).

Training and competitions

You have the possibility of continuing your own sports training and competition career also during military service. Conscripts can also participate in the competition activities of the Defence Forces – the most successful even compete at international level. If you compete at national top level, contact the physical education officer of your brigade-level unit. He/she will advise and help you in sports-related assignments.

Soldiers' clothing and equipment

In military service, conscripts are issued different types of clothing and equipment. All this equipment is equipment that the Defence Forces' troops would use in exceptional conditions. Everybody is obligated to observe the instructions on the use and care of the materiel. In addition to maintaining your comfort and in-service safety, appropriate care of materiel will ensure that it will last as long as planned, reduce use-related costs and ensure that it can be used also in exceptional conditions if needed. More information about responsibility for materiel is available at the Defence Forces social media #materiaalivastuu. Conscripts' clothing consists of several different combatants' outfits designed for different purposes and sea-

sons. You are responsible for keeping and exchanging the clothing you have been issued at the central issue facility when it needs cleaning and mending. Instructions on the care of equipment will be given at your unit at the beginning of service.

The combatant's uniform package includes a combat uniform, rubber boots, a helmet, hearing protectors and the M05 combat vest and rucksack.

The combatant's uniform m/05 is the service, leave and parade uniform worn by conscripts in the Army and Air Force and those in Navy units serving on land. Navy conscripts wear the m/05 combat uniform and the m/95 Navy battle dress and conscripts serving on Navy vessels and all those serving in the Coastal Fleet wear the m/30 conscript leave and parade uniform and m/55 overcoat. In addition, each conscript is issued among other things:

- sheets, pillow case and towel
- underwear and socks
- gloves and mittens
- winter boots and combat boots
- a backpack and mess kit
- a sweatsuit and sports shoes.

Suitable equipment is procured for conscripts wearing special sizes (very large or small sizes) to measurements taken at the latest when they enter service. To ensure the availability of special-sized equipment at your entry into service call the Quartermaster Depot (tel. +358 (0)299 800, operator), at the latest six months before your service begins. While on leave and during free time you are allowed to wear civilian clothes outside of the garrison area.





Catering

During their military service, conscripts are served healthy and versatile meals which meet Finnish nutrition recommendations in garrison dining halls, on vessels and in terrain conditions. Medical special diets are striven to be taken into consideration without exceptions. Diets other than medical are observed in line with the Defence Forces' instructions where reasonable. The goals of catering include guiding conscripts' eating habits to a healthy direction and maintaining and ensuring sufficient catering in all circumstances during service.

Meals are served from a self-service buffet in garrison dining halls. On weekdays, breakfast, lunch, dinner and a voluntary evening meal are served. On Sunday, a larger breakfast, dinner and a voluntary evening meal are usually served. Garrison dining hall meals are planned according to a rotating 5 week menu, which is changed every six months. For meals in field conditions, a mess kit and spork are issued to all conscripts. They are also issued canteens and additionally, thermos bottles if necessary. The food served in the field is based on separate menus that take into consideration the increased need for energy. In field exercises that are conducted near the garrison, the food is usually brought from the garrison kitchen. In some exercises meals are prepared according to the set menu in field kitchens by military cooks carrying out their military service. During exercises and training events catering can also consist of field rations or different kinds of lunch bags.

Accommodation

During military service, conscripts are accommodated in barracks. Company-level unit barracks facilities comprise accommodation rooms for 8-12 persons on average, class rooms, hygiene facilities and lounges for spending free time. Company-level units also have working and social facilities for the units' salaried personnel as well as storage facilities.

During field, combat and live firing exercises accommodation is arranged in tents for 10 to 20 persons. The tents have a wood heater so you don't need to freeze in the tents in wintertime. A sleeping bag and pad are also provided for field accommodation. During exercises accommodation may also be arranged in temporary barracks or other buildings.

Women's accommodation, see page 13

Health care

Health care for conscripts begins already before the callup, with preliminary medical examinations conducted each spring. Conscripts who fall ill during their military service receive basic medical care in the Centre for Military Medicine's garrison health centres (where a conscript may consult a nurse, doctor or dentist) and specialist services at regional civilian partnership hospitals.

At the physical examination carried out in connection with entry into service, the health care personnel check the health of the new conscripts and evaluate their fitness for service. If you have medical certificates or copies of medical records, bring them with you when you enter service. If necessary, additional examinations will be carried out and your class of fitness for service may be redefined. The validity of vaccinations is verified (it is important that you bring your vaccination card with you) and conscripts are given the vaccinations included in the vaccination programme.

The services and medication arranged by Defence Forces health care are free of charge for conscripts.

In addition to these, the medical care of the Defence Forces also includes preventive health care and training as well as health protection, which means i.a. guidance and supervisioning of food, water and general hygiene especially during field exercises.

Chief physicians are responsible for medical care in garrisons. They work at the garrison health centre together with medical professionals and other personnel. Conscripts performing their military service who have an education in the field of health care (e.g. a physician's or nurse's education) take part, during part of their military service time, in providing medical services in duties corresponding with their education. Some conscripts are trained to be medics, combat lifesavers or medical section leaders.

Health issues are discussed in lessons on medical issues and in exercises, training in first aid is given as well as instructions on what to do if you fall ill during service.

During military service the most common illnesses are upper respiratory track infections and pains and illnesses due to physical stress as well as other symptoms from physical exertion. Starting military service is a big change in life that can sometimes cause psychological symptoms. If you wish, you can talk about such problems with the health care staff. A conscript suffering from personal worries can also always talk to the social welfare counsellor or chaplain of the brigade-level unit. Contact the health care personnel if you want information and support to stop smoking or using snuff or intoxicants.

On weekdays, conscripts who feel ill can visit the brigade-level unit's health centre. Doctors and nurses on duty are bound by confidentiality with regard to all health data.

Military chaplains

The military chaplains' task is to support spiritually and psychologically anyone serving within the Defence Forces and Border Guard in all situations of their life. Military chaplains also meet conscripts and support them in ethical and moral questions involved in soldiers' tasks and provide them with training regarding these.

The FDF employs Lutheran and Orthodox chaplains. They are there for all conscripts regardless of denomination or conviction. In addition to psychological support, military chaplains also provide support in spiritual questions if necessary. They are specialists in matters concerning religions.

Military chaplains participate in the carrying out of training aimed at maintaining conscripts' overall capability. They are in charge of the sub-area of ethical capability in particular. All conscripts participate in this training.

Participating in devotional services that take place during your service time is part of military service. Instead of a devotional service, conscripts may choose a voluntary, non-religious event aiming at enhancing their psychological and ethical capabilities. Participation in any devotional event that takes places when you are on leave or during free time is voluntary. It is also possible to take confirmation classes as a conscript.

Conscripts may also get in touch with chaplains when it comes to questions regarding life and military service. Chaplains help people in a holistic way according to their needs and situation in life by listening and talking to them and helping them find solutions to their issues. The chaplains are also bound by absolute confidentiality. Chaplains are a part of each garrison's multi-professional support network.

Conscript training within the ecclesiastical field on page 65

Social welfare officers

There are social welfare officers working as professionals of the social services branch in all brigade-level units. According to the Conscription Act (1438/2007), in matters associated with social security during military service, a conscript is entitled to relevant professional assistance. The brigade's social welfare officer supports the psychological and social capacity of conscripts, the Defence Forces' salaried personnel, reservists and crisis management personnel by organizing teaching, guidance and appointments relating to social welfare.

The social welfare officer provides advice and guidance in issues relating to social and economic benefits and other matters. These include, for example, income, conscript's allowance, work, studies and human relationships. Social welfare officers are also a link to services of relevance to the conscript, such as outreach youth work, working with KELA and educational establishments. S/he is also a member of the unit's psychosocial support group.



Conscript Committee

Conscript Committees are a part of the organisation of the FDF and the activities of the brigade-level units. Each brigade-level unit of the FDF and those of the Border Guard training conscripts run a Conscript Committee (VMTK) composed of conscripts. The conscripts choose a committee among themselves to improve the conscripts' service conditions and free time. The Committee arranges various free time activities for conscripts, such as entertainment evenings, mustering in and out parties, courses, exercising and competition activities, possibilities to play an instrument and loans gaming equipment etc. In many brigade-level units, the Conscript Committee takes part in arranging joint transportation for conscripts going on leave.

The Conscript Committee makes initiatives and proposals to the commander of the brigade-level unit and higher headquarters regarding matters involving military service. The activity is a part of the military service feedback system. You can tell CC officials about matters or problems involving service. This would work towards improving service conditions. Conscript committees have initiated many important reforms related to service conditions.

The brigade-level unit's Conscript Committee includes a chairman and other officials if necessary as well as a representative from each company (equiv.). Further information on the CC is available at varusmies.fi and from the CC officials of the brigade-level units.

Initiative activities

During your military service, you might come up with a good idea. So write an initiative! An initiative is a proposal which can, if implemented, improve the Defence Forces' activities, equipment, services or in-service safety. An initiative does not need to be inventive or a novelty, nor does it need to be ready to use as such. Anyone liable to military service is entitled to presenting initiatives when serving in the Defence Forces.

The initiative committees of the Defence Forces consider initiatives aiming to improve the workings of the Defence Forces that are made by conscripts, reservists and personnel in the brigade-level units. You can submit your initiative to your brigade-level unit's initiative committee or CC.

Leadership Training – a once-in-a-lifetime opportunity

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Purpose, end goal and objective

Leadership training is the beginning of your development and growth as a leader. It spans over the entire military service period. Those in conscript leadership training are given the basics and positive attitude they will need to develop as leaders once they are in the Reserve. The aim is for leaders in the Reserve to be able to start leading and training their troops independently with self-initiative and efficiently once they participate in refresher training or in the mobilization of troops.

Lifelong resources for developing as a leader – learn to learn

By taking part in leadership training, conscripts gain great advantage for the future. A large part of those who have gained leadership training in the Defence Forces succeed very well in life and come to be placed in valued positions in society.

Developing as a leader is growing as a leader. For each of us, this is a lifelong challenge. We can meet this challenge by leaving it to chance or by learning the hard way. But there is also another, more systematic way of facing this challenge – by ensuring that you learn and seeking entry into leadership training.

At the core of leadership training is the skill to lead people and develop oneself as a leader. Learning how to lead people is taught and learned on the basis of deep leadership. The aim is to become a leader who builds trust, gets people enthusiastic about their work, brings about learning and values others as equal human beings.

Development as a leader is based on activities and practice together with real subordinates, which takes place during the last six months of service. Learning during the leadership period is supported by systematic feedback, which also includes leadership profiles and individual development plans. The aim is the ability to evaluate one's own learning, i.e. one's capability for reflection and self-steering.

The learning process is filed in an electronic leadership file, which is given to the conscript for further use in the Reserve. The time in the Reserve, i.e. the time after your first service as a conscript when you are still liable for military service, is a long time. It is a time, when developing as a leader continues based on experiences in civilian life.

Everyone has the possibility of taking part in leadership training – your own skills are decisive

With the exception of certain specialised units, leader selections are carried out in all brigade-level units at the same time and in the same way. The selections take place after about 10 weeks of service. The selection procedure is absolutely objective, fair and is based on scientific research.

In the selections, capability and individual leadership qualities displayed in service carry the most weight. Gender and the profession or educational background of your parents do not affect leadership selections. Everyone starts from the same line as new recruits. Leadership training is divided into reserve non-commissioned officer (NCO) and officer training. All those chosen for leadership training go through the first phase of the NCO course. Afterwards, those to be trained as reserve officers continue on to the reserve officer course. After the courses, leadership training continues in the form of the leadership phase in the company level (equiv.) units. Conscript leaders who complete the leadership phase courses generally act as leaders of the next contingent.

Leadership training is useful – the greatest beneficiary being yourself

The leadership training received by conscripts is highly appreciated by society. Its esteem is seen in both studies and work life.

The deep leadership training programme is developed in order for it to fully correspond with the demands of civilian organisations concerning development as a leader. Today's labour market competes for this kind of know-how, not to mention the near future's.

Educational institutions, universities and other higher education establishments recognise study credits accumulated from military leadership training. It is important to remember that each educational establishment, university faculty and institution of higher education determines whether credit is given for education, training and work experience during military service when applying to the establishment or in the studies themselves.

There are some educational establishments, universities and institutions of higher education that do not yet credit leadership training received during military service. Information on credits given for studies during military service is provided by the educational establishment in question.

If you continue improving as a leader in the reserve, national defence is in good, knowledgeable hands. It is also possible to deepen your leadership and training skills in fixed term service, by applying to the National Defence University or completing degrees of different levels at educational institutions.

The greatest beneficiary is, however, the leader himself/herself. Growing as a person, developing as a leader and learning to learn is a great resource that will be of use to you for the rest of your life. It is good to be prepared for the fact that you will need your leadership certificate and leadership file in many instances in civilian life.

With a few exceptions, reserve officer training is given at the Reserve Officer School in Hamina, which belongs to the Army Academy (Army) or Naval Academy (Navy) on Suomenlinna or Air Force Academy (Air Force) at Tikkakoski.

Non-commissioned Officer Courses are organised at almost all brigade-level units. Special courses for NCOs are primarily organised centrally at brigade-level units specialising in the field in question.

Experiences gained from war show that in defence forces based on an extensive reserve, both non-commissioned officers and reserve officers must have the same kind of leadership training. For this reason both groups receive the same amount of training in leadership and training skills.

Conscripts are taken care of



All through their military service, we take care of our conscripts. The Defence Forces' activities and conscript training are aimed at maintaining and improving their ability to function to make sure that they will be able to fully perform their service and participate in training. This guide contains basic information on the social security and financial benefits and other support measures for conscripts and their families. In the brigade-level unit, your immediate superiors, the social welfare officer, and the conscript committee will answer any question you may have.

The information in this guide is based on the situation in 2022. The same benefits apply to women performing voluntary military service.

If you organize your civilian life properly before you enter service, you will avoid many problems during your service.

Changing your starting date or service location

If you have a pressing need to change your starting date or military unit, due to, for example, the recent birth of a child, a difficult financial situation, an important stage in studies, a change of residence, illness, injury or some other similar reason, you should contact your Regional Office immediately to discuss changing your date of entry. Women volunteers must give notification in writing if they decide not to start their service after all.

More information on changing the date of entry into service or the location can be found on page 17.

Conscript's allowance

Conscript's allowance is a benefit paid by the Social Insurance Institution (SII, or KELA in Finnish) based on the Conscript's Allowance Act (781/1993).



For the duration of their military service, conscript's allowance is paid to conscripts, women doing voluntary military service as well as to his/her next of kin. The following are entitled to conscript's allowance: the conscript's spouse; registered partner, common-law spouse (with whom the conscript has an underage child); the conscript's own or adopted child; spouse's child; and a child placed permanently in the conscript's custody. Other relatives are not entitled to conscript's allowance.

The actual disposable net income of the conscript and the family members entitled to allowance affect the allowance given. The amount of the benefit decreases according to the net income. Any property or return on it does not affect eligibility or quantity of conscript's allowance. There is, however, an exempt amount of 300 euros on conscripts' wage and salary income and income from self-employment. The exempt amount refers to the net amount that a conscript can earn per month, without it affecting the amount of conscript's allowance. Conscripts themselves can receive housing allowance and have the interest on student loans paid for them during conscript service.

In order to receive housing allowance, the residence must have been obtained about 3 months prior to starting service, unless there is a valid reason for having acquired it at a later date (such as starting a family, studies or work beginning in a different locality). In addition, a conscript applying for housing allowance must be able to prove that he/she pays for his/her own housing expenses.

The conscript's allowance paid to a conscript's family can consist of basic assistance, housing allowance and special allowance.

The basic assistance is intended to cover everyday expenses, for example groceries, clothing, phone expenses and insurance payments that cannot be coved by other income. The full basic assistance is equivalent to the monthly national pension (EUR 679.50). The amount of basic assistance received varies according to the number of eligible family members: the first person receives 100%, the second 50% and the third and anyone after that receives 30% of the full amount. Kela pays the amount corresponding to maintenance allowance to a child entitled to maintenance allowance if the conscript is not capable of paying it during his military service. If the conscript has an income, Kela takes it into consideration in the amount of maintenance allowance to be paid. Kela does not grant basic assistance to a child entitled tomaintenance allowance.

Housing allowance is used to pay for the conscript's or conscript's family's reasonable housing costs, which include rent, maintenance charge, water bills, interests on housing loans, electricity and gas bills, and the normal maintenance costs of a detached house. Fees paid for the use of the Internet, sauna and parking space fees, security deposits, forehand rents, real estate agent fees or real estate taxes are not taken into account as housing costs. Home insurance can be covered with income support.

Special allowance can be used to pay a family member for expenses that are necessary and of a reasonable size, such as other than minor health care expenses (e.g. prescription medication, hospital fees, dental care fees and fees related to sight testing and purchase of eyeglasses), costs relating to child care (e.g. average-priced pram/baby carriage, pushchair/stroller, bed or car seat) interest on a family member's student loan,moving costs, funeral costs and work-related travel costs that exceed EUR 750 per year. The special allowance can be granted on condition that costs do not fall under the basic assistance and that the applicant does not receive compensation for them from elsewhere.

You can apply for conscript's allowance online (kela. fi/omakela) one month before the beginning of your service at the earliest. Or you can fill in and print out application form Sotilasavustus SA1(pdf). Send the application attachments included to Kela, P.O.Box 10, 00056 KELA. The application is made by the conscript him/herself, a family member entitled to the allowance or the guardian of such a family member. Instructions for filling in the form and possibly appealing a decision can be obtained from the KELA website and the social welfare counsellors of brigade-level units As for conscript's allowance, there is no deadline for applying for backdated payment.

The allowance is paid from the beginning of the month when the application was submitted, but no earlier than the actual starting date of military service until the end of the month you muster out. Kela can grant you the allowance once it has received confirmation from the military unit that you have effectively started your service. Remember to inform Kela of any changes in your circumstances, so that your benefit will be paid to you correctly. The payment may be affected, for example, by changes in your living costs or income, or birth of a child. You may inform Kela via the e-service, by phone or any service point. Conscript's allowance is not adjusted due to a change in income if the income is of a one-time nature and fully retrospective.

Conscript's allowance is tax-free. Kela will pay the allowance on a Finnish bank account provided by the applicant, usually on the first banking day of the month.

You may appeal an allowance decision on the OmaKela e-service within 37 days from the date of the mailing of the decision or by submitting a written appeal. Appeals in writing must be submitted to Kela, P.O. Box 10, 00560 KELA.

Studies

You should do your military service before embarking on any long-term studies. If you have been admitted to an educational institution, you must make an agreement with the institution concerning the start of your studies or their continuation after your military service. **Check if you can postpone or continue your studies.** While in military service, you can plan for studies after military service, apply for studies and participate in entrance exams. You can familiarise yourself with matters relating to studies and submit an application through the joint application procedure at opintopolku.fi. You can turn to the brigade-level unit's social welfare officer for guidance and advice in matters relating to studies. Financial aid for students is not paid during military service.

Interest on student loans

Kela can pay the interest on a conscript's student loan as conscript's allowance, if the interest payments fall due during service or during the last month of service. The requirement is that you have not received study assistance during the semester or the one before it, when the interest falls due for payment. If you have received study assistance the interest is added to the loan capital. The interest will be paid either to the applicant or directly to the bank. Apply for interest assistance early enough for Kela to be able to make the payment by the due date.

When loan interest is paid by Kela, only the income that affects your conscript's allowance is taken into account. The income of your relatives referred to in the Conscript's Allowance Act is not considered.

Other income support, social services and social security benefits

You and your family are entitled to apply for all the statutory social security benefits you need, such as income support, social services (children's home care, day care, social counselling), housing allowance provided by Kela and other services provided by society. The social welfare officer will give you guidance in matters involving benefits and services.

Employment and service contracts

According to the Act on the Continuation of Contractual and Public-Service Employment Relationships of People Fulfilling Their National Defence Obligation (305/2009), public service or employment contracts shall not beterminated by the employer on grounds of the employee being ordered to military service or during the time he /she is in military service. After being mustered out, you have the right to return to your previous job. If this is not possible, you must be offered employment equivalent to your previous job in accordance with your employment contract or service relationship, and if this is not possible, either, other work by agreement. An employer may terminate the employment contract of an employee on financial or production-related grounds only if the employer closes down its operations or discontinues its business activities entirely. Should the employer go bankrupt or die, the employment contract may be terminated applying the notice period of 14 days.

That is why you should tell your employer at least two months beforehand when your service starts and make initial arrangements for when you are going to go back to the same job. As an employee, you must tell your employer that you will be returning to your job at least 14 days before you intend to start working again. If you want to start working immediately after you finish your military service, contact your employer while you are still doing your military service. Once you have told your employer that you will start working again, you must start working within 14 days, unless you have agreed otherwise. If you do not contact your employer within a month of having finished or interrupted your military service, your employer may consider your employment contract is terminated.

if you have taken part in refresher training, you must return to work immediately after it is over.

Do not quit your job because of military service!

Entrepreneurship

Many young people have started companies, and it may be problematic to ensure that this company is kept running during military service. At the moment, the best way is to try to arrange everything in the company beforehand and to secure your financial situation and that of your family, because during your military service you will only have limited opportunity (during leave and free time) to take care of business matters. Brigade-level units try to be flexible within the regulations to allow you to run your business. As an entrepreneur, you can also get advice from your central organisation.

Agriculturalists

Farmers who fulfil the general requirements for having an appointed stand-in can receive one for the duration of their military service. For more detailed information,



contact the office responsible for these matters in your own municipality.

Unemployment

If you are unemployed, you must inform the employment and economic development office of the date you begin your military service, and regularly report to the employment office until your military service starts. You must also inform the unemployment fund if you receive earnings-related unemployment allowance.

Taxation

A decrease in income due to conscript service can lower the amount of tax withheld or even result in there being no tax withheld. When you go to the tax office, take along your military service certificate or your military service order, and a declaration of income.

You must meet the deadlines for your tax return and all other taxation matters (tax rectification, tax appeal, payment of tax arrears, and application for postponement of payment). You should mention in the tax form that you have a smaller income because you are doing military service. Daily allowance (also called per diem) and conscript's allowance are not taxable income, so you do not have to report them.

Pension

Military service does not accrue pension.

Loans and debts

The conscripts' daily allowance is only enough to cover small expenses from living in garrison, so changes in your income level and how it impacts paying off loans and payments should be considered. It is a good idea to try to agree to postpone loan instalments or make part-payment arrangements with your bank or other lender. If you have any fines, it can usually arranged so that you pay the fine after you have finished military service. You can also make arrangements with the bailiff concerning payments.

Avoid taking loans and making instalment purchases before or during military service! For example, quickie loans, credit card debts and mobile phone bills may cause payment difficulties.

Driving licence

If you have obtained a class B driving licence on or after 1 July 2018, you are not required to undergo any other driving licence-related training, unless you have been imposed disqualification from driving due to repeated traffic violations.

Passport and police clearance

For the purposes of getting a passport, police clearance can be given to conscripts living in Finland or abroad until the end of the year when the applicant turns 28. Provided that your conscription issues are in order, the police clearance remains in force after you have finished military service.

Occupational and in-service safety

The occupational and in-service safety of conscripts is assured by making sure that they can serve in an environment that is healthy and safe in all situations. The FDF follows its own safety regulations (in military training and exercises) and legislation on occupational safety. The FDF's occupational and in-service safety activities aim at zero accidents and an open and uninhibited culture



where safety risks are reported. The goal is always to prevent accidents from taking place. Here, reports made by conscripts and personnel (e.g.incident cards) involving accidents, dangerous situations observed or "close calls" play an important role based on which activities are improved. It is important that the conscripts openly report any dangerous situations that they observe to their superiors so that accidents can be prevented. The Defence Forces has in use an occupational and in-service safety incident management service, (PVRIPO) to which every conscript can report any deviation from occupational and in-service safety on PVMOODLE with his/her mobile phone, for example. An online incident reporting form is available on the PVMOODLE homepage under "PVRIPO".

Traffic safety is always considered when making free time and leave arrangements. The risk for young men dying in traffic accidents as drivers is higher than other age groups so leave transportation is available for conscripts by public transport (trains, busses, airplanes) or by common transportation arranged by the brigade-level unit.

The Conscript Committee of each military unit has an in-service and occupational safety delegate. S/he will participate in the brigade-level unit's occupational and in-service safety activities and will represent the conscripts and report observations from the field regarding in-service safety. The occupational and in-service safety officer of the brigade-level unit /administrative unit coordinates OISS activities and serves an expert in matters relating to it.

Suspected health risks

The Defence Forces' aim is that their premises are suitable for their purpose and safe and healthy for their users. In addition to being unpleasant, bad air indoors can also cause health problems, which can appear as different symptoms and illnesses.

1. Identify the problem

You can evaluate the quality of indoor air mainly by your senses, and this is why your observations matter. Indoor air should be fresh and of suitable temperature. In addition to this, ventilation should be sufficient, but drafts should not be a problem. Staleness, dryness, dust and strong odours are signs of bad indoor air quality. The most common symptoms caused by bad indoor air are respiratory tract, eye and skin irritation. If these symptoms are relieved during weekend and longer furloughs, there is reason to suspect the air in the barracks.

2. Report your suspicions

If you suspect there is an indoor air problem in your barracks, it is also in your own interest to report this. Based on reports, investigations will be started to determine if there is a problem and necessary measures will be taken to fix the problem and remove the possible health risk. Conscripts should report their observations to their closest superior, the company sergeant major, local conscript committee or the occupational and inservice safety officer of the brigade-level unit. For the sake of your own health, it is important that you also tell your garrison health centre about any symptoms.

3. Keep your room clean

Common reasons for bad air in garrisons are untidiness, dust and drying wet equipment and kits in barracks rooms and closets. The daily cleanness checks that may sometimes seem irritating are carried out for a good reason! If there is a draft in the room or the ventilation does not work, you must notify your superiors who will contact maintenance. Radiator thermostats and ventilation vents must not be covered or adjusted. Objects not meant to enter the sewage system (e.g. Sinks, toilet bowls and shower facilities) must not be put in there, because they might cause jamming or odours. So, you can contribute to the quality of indoor air by keeping your barracks room tidy and reporting any problems observed.

Military injuries and service-related illnesses

If you get injured during your military or civil service in an accident or contract an illness due to service, the Defence Forces or your civil service place will cover your medical care during your service. After your service has ended, the State Treasury will cover the medical care expenses involving your injury or service-related illness as well a other compensations under law (Act on Compensation for Military Accidents and Service-Related Illnesses, 1521/2016). For more information: valtiokonttori.fi/sotilastapaturmat.

The following groups are entitled to compensation based on this act on military accidents: conscripts in either armed or unarmed military service, women in voluntary military service, and men in non-military service. Compensation can also be paid to anyone who has participated in refresher training, call-ups, the health examination arranged by the regional office or an entrance examination to a military educational establishment.

Compensation can be paid when an accident has occurred at one's service location or in an area belonging to it. Compensation can also be made for an accident that has occurred while travelling in connection with military service, or during free time or leave that is considered military service time.

A service-related illness can be any disease referred to in the Occupational Diseases Act. It can also be a disease probably caused by military service or made considerably worse by military service.

The compensation process begins with filling out a military accident/service-related illness form with the brigade-level unit's occupational safety delegate. Anyone injured or fallen ill may submit an application for compensation at the State Treasury also online atasioin-tipalvelu.valtiokonttori.fi/sotilastapaturmat.

For filling out a form you need the following:

- Your online banking codes or mobile ID
- Annexes involving the accident /service-related illness or patient documents on My kanta website at www. kanta.fi
- Date of starting and ending your service /estimated date of interruption
- Information involving the accident or service-related illness (supported by an accident report): where and when the accident took place, description of the accident
- Bank account number (IBAN; FI ...)

For looking up any missing information, you can stop filling out the notification and resume it later (6 months)

Register into the SUOMI.fi viestit service so that you can easily and securely contact the State Treasury.

Daily allowance and other compensations

The information is based on the situation in 2022.

Conscript's daily allowance

The conscripts' daily allowance (also called per diem) is progressive and based on the number months a conscript is in military service: EUR 5.20 (days 1 to 165), EUR 8.70 (days 166-255) and EUR 12.10 (days 256-347). The daily allowance is paid to a bank account twice a month on a Friday. The daily allowance is paid for each day in military service, including free time and leave. Special personal leave or absences without leave are not regarded as days in military service.

IF DURING SERVICE...

If you are injured or become ill during service you can apply for compensation from the State Treasury





→ FIND MORE INFORMATION ON THE STATE TREASURY'S WEBSITE.

statetreasury.fi/en-US/ Citizens_and_Communities/ Compensation_and_ benefits

Valtiokonttori Statskontoret <u>Sta</u>teTreasury

Women's feminine allowance

Women's military clothing is largely the same as men's. In order to buy any personal items that are not provided by the Defence Forces, women receive an equipment allowance of EUR 0.50per day on the same grounds as conscript daily allowance is granted.

Additional daily allowance for military service abroad

For the duration of military service taking place abroad, for example in international Rapid Deployment Force training, conscripts can receive an additional daily allowance of EUR 11.00 to cover personal costs.

Paratroopers', divers' and pilots' allowances

Conscripts in special training receive additional allowances as follows: paratroopers – a total of EUR 110.00 for the basic parachuting course and EUR 22 each for the next 20 jumps; combat divers – EUR 13,50 for the days when diving; aeroplane pilots – EUR 182.56 per month after the first solo flight.

Food and accommodation allowance

Food and accommodation allowance is paid on assignments during which the Defence Forces cannot provide either of these.

On domestic assignments, the food allowance is EUR 7.50, for assignments that last from 6 to 8 hours; and

EUR 13.50 for assignments that last more than 8 hours. If the assignment exceeds a full day as calculated above by 2-8 hours, EUR 7.50 is added to the increased food allowance.

On foreign assignments, the food allowance is EUR 28.00 for each day in which at least 8 hours is spent on the assignment, starting the moment the assignment began; and EUR 15.00 if the assignment exceeds a full day as calculated above by 2 to 8 hours.

The accommodation allowance is EUR 55.00 for each assignment that at least 4 hours between 21:00 and 06:00 have been used for other than travel. On foreign assignments the allowance is EUR 100.00. If the actual expenses during the assignment are more than the above, only the Defence Command can authorize payment.

A food allowance of EUR 13.50 a day is paid during home care to those who are under the responsibility of the FDF's health care.

Leave and free time

Under the Conscription Act and the decree on conscription, conscripts can be granted *exemplary conduct leave*, *personal leave*, and *special personal leave*.

Exemplary conduct leave can be granted to conscripts who have distinguished themselves. This type of leave cannot be more than 20 days.

Every conscript has the right to personal leave: 6 days (165 service days), 12 days (255 service days) or 18 days (347 service days). Conscripts do not have to state the reason for applying for personal leave, but it is intended for seeing to personal matters. In accordance with training plans, some personal leave days are used as the unit's common leave days (for those serving 165 days the number is four days, for those serving 255 days nine days and for those serving 347 daystwelve days) so that conscripts usually have one Friday or Monday that is not a public holiday per one month of service as a personal leave day. You do not need to apply for the unit's common leave days, but you must apply for the remaining personal leave days and earned exemplary conduct leave yourself. If you know that you will be attending a higher-education entrance exam(s) while youare completing your military service, it is worth saving a few days of leave to prepare for and attend the exam(s).

A maximum of 6 months of special personal leave can be granted to conscripts for pressing personal reasons. It must be noted that special personal leave extends the service time by an equivalent amount of time. Superiors can grant special personal leave for example on the following grounds: studies, financial reasons, family reasons, sports competitions, and duties of a position of trust.

As an option to special personal leave, conscripts can apply for deferment. Based on a medical certificate, or due to the death or serious illness of a close relative, or for some other urgent personal reason, a conscript can be granted exemption from other service. Exemption from other service is granted by the company commander (72 h at most). For participating in entrance exams, you should use personal leave or exemplary conduct leave days, or if it is not possible, you can ask for exemption from other service or special personal leave. A travel time extension can be granted if the conscript's one-way travel to his domicile using public transport and/or arranged transport takes more than six hours. The leave or weekend is extended by the same amount of time as the six-hour limit is exceeded.

You may travel abroad during leave only with the permission of the officer granting the leave. The conscript identification card may not be taken out of Finland.

Free evenings offer conscripts a chance to take part in many activities, freetime clubs and training organized by the conscript committee.

More information on regulations concerning free time and leave are on display in your company-level unit.

Temporary work is permitted during free time and leave, as long as it does not interfere with military service duties. When doing temporary work, it is good to remember the validity of accident insurance and the effect of income on your possible conscript allowance.

Travel during leave

Conscripts have the right to travel free of charge to their municipality of domicile or residence or to a location in Finland where they have special ties. Travel using long-distance trains is free of charge for conscripts during leave if you are wearing your leave uniform and use a conscript card with a bar code. When travelling on a long-distance train, it is a good idea to use the VR Matkalla mobile application to book a seat. You are also entitled to travel free of charge when entering service and being discharged.

For leave travel, you receive a bar code sticker for your conscript card for railway travel, a single use or long duration code for travelling by bus, metro and tramway and/or a travel card for bus travel and, under conditions defined by your brigade-level unit, an airline ticket for long flights. Garrisons often arrange transportation for conscripts by bus to the nearest railway and bus stations, or in some cases directly to the municipality or region you live in.

Use public transportation when you can – it is safe and comfortable!

Persons living abroad

Under the Conscription Act, all men who are Finnish citizens are liable for military service. It is possible for multinationals to be exempted from military service. So if you are granted the nationality of another country at the call-up or conscription age in particular, you must inform the military authorities, or if you are abroad, inform the Finnish diplomatic mission.

More information concerning multinationals on page 17.

The Finnish diplomatic mission abroad (embassy, consulate) is the contact authority for conscripts. Before entering military service, you should at least take care of the following: clear up any uncertainties regarding nationality; have medical examinations concerning possible changes in your state of health; make sure that your passport, visa, and work and residence permits are valid; submit your application for conscript's allowance (Kela office); get the travel tickets you need for starting military service. Conscripts entering military service must themselves make the necessary notifications and arrangements concerning their accommodation, work, studies or taxation abroad. The law concerning the obligation of employers to take back an employee to his previous position applies only in Finland.

For further information on the free travel quota for persons living abroad, see below under "Travel Abroad and to Finland". As soon as you start military service, contact the unit's company sergeant major to get a refund for travel and food costs incurred on your journey to your service location. The company sergeant major is the person responsible for purchasing travel tickets to destinations abroad on behalf of conscripts resident abroad while they are undergoing their military service.

The families of conscripts resident abroad are entitled to the same conscript's allowance as the families of conscripts who live in Finland. A conscript living abroad receives conscript's allowance for keeping his accommodation there during military service (reasonable housing costs), and for the accommodation he may have needed to acquire in Finland for the duration of his military service. The military allowance is explained in more detail under 'Military allowance'.

Conscripts resident abroad should note that the Compensation for Military Injuries Act also covers leave and related travel abroad. The benefits and paternity allowance in the Sickness Insurance Act do not apply to those resident abroad. You can apply for income support from Kela. (ask the social welfare officer for help).

Conscripts arriving from abroad have the right to use their own mother tongue when dealing with public authorities, so interpreting arrangements will be made upon request. The language used in conscript training is Finnish or Swedish.

Travel abroad and to Finland

Within their basic quota, conscripts permanently resident abroad, but doing their military service in Finland may travel to their domicile abroad, depending on the length of their military service, 1–4 times:

- Two trips for those serving 165 days and resident in Europe, and one trip for those serving 165 days and resident outside of Europe
- Three trips for those serving 255 days and resident in Europe, and one trip for those serving 255 days and resident outside of Europe
- Four trips for those serving 347 days and resident in one of the Nordic countries, three trips for those serving 347 days and resident elsewhere in Europe and two trips for those serving 347 days and resident outside of Europe.

In addition to the above quotas, conscripts can be granted a free round trip abroad in the case of serious illness, death or burial of a family member, their own wedding or the birth or christening of their own child.

Tickets (ship tickets on the Baltic Sea and flight tickets) booked for starting your military service must primarily be booked via the Carlson Wagonlit (CWT) customer service team at pv.fi@contactcwt.com. Instructions for booking tickets will be attached to your callup order. You can be reimbursed for the tickets you purchased yourself, when you have travelled by using



the cheapest mode of transport and will deliver all of the receipts and documentation with the reimbursement application to your company-level unit's Company Sergeant Major immediately upon starting your military service.

Your time of travel must be in immediate relation to your entry into service (within 4 weeks before). Those who have arrived earlier must send a substantiated application to the regional office.

Travel expenses to and from Finland are only reimbursed if you live abroad permanently.

In order for you to receive a refund on you ticket home abroad after mustering out, you must still have a permanent home in that country. In order for your travel to be reimbursed it must be directly related to you having finished your military service (4 weeks). Freely formulated applications concerning lengthening the time frame should be sent to the brigade-level unit for a decision.

The company-level unit purchases flight and boat tickets for conscripts resident abroad for travel during leave within the travel quota, and travel tickets for the conscript travelling home after mustering out.

Air tickets are not usually bought for conscripts who live in Sweden.

Parental leave and parental allowance

Conscripts who are married or live in a common-law relationship are granted a parental leave of 12 days either as a single period when the child is born or, taking into consideration the service or family situation of the conscript, in several periods. Parental leave does not affect the length of the service period.

Parental leave must start within one month of the child's birth, but due to for example the illness of the newborn or the mother, it can also start later. In order to be granted parental leave, you must present a birth certificate or a certificate from the child welfare officer of your place of residence. A conscript who requires time to care for his child can receive parental allowance from Kela.

Parental allowance is granted to a child's parent and guardian when he is fulfilling his national defence obligation performing military service or civil service or when he is on parental or other leave from service and caring for the child. The minimum amount of parental allowance is 30,71 euros per weekday (year 2022 situation 1 Aug-31 Dec 2022). You can check the minimum amount of parental allowance on the Kela websiite (www.kela.fi/Families). You can apply for parental allowance online (www.kela.fi/e-services) or from a Kela agency filling in the form Parental benefits (SV15). Parental allowance is taxable income for the receiver.

Crisis prevention and support measures for conscripts

The Defence Forces' support network that provides psychological support for conscripts consists of specialists in the brigade-level unit (doctor, social welfare officer, chaplain) as well as superiors and fellow conscripts. The role of comrades, conscript committees and conscript leaders in preventing crises among conscripts and in support measures is important since it might be easier for young people to talk about their problems with someone who is of the same age than with someone older. Every conscript can provide peer support and be a person to talk to for their fellow conscripts If you have a hard time in service and you feel anguished, contact your closest superiors, brigade-level unit specialists and in urgent cases a doctor for an evaluation of the situation and possible treatment.

Time Out! Getting life back on track and outreach youth work

Social welfare officers are there to help conscripts in need of support. If necessary, conscripts who are dropping out of military service are assigned a Time Out! or outreach youth councillor. Time Out is a cooperation model used in the Defence Forces. It provides active support to young people during call-ups and for those who drop out of military service. Together with the Time Out! or youth outreach councillor, conscripts can talk about personal issues relating to coping with for example studies, applying for a job, living, relationships and health. The councillors offer personal support, information and encouragement in managing your affairs. If necessary conscripts also receive help in finding the services they need.

Equality and non-discrimination, and appropriate behaviour in military service

It is the right of every conscript to be able to serve and train in an environment where equality and non-discrimination are respected. In a well-functioning conscript service, men and women, different contingents, people of different origins and with differing personal characteristics, all have an equal opportunity to make choices, increase their knowledge and skills in military service, and be awarded.

It is the duty of every conscript to build and maintain a working culture which respects equality and non-discrimination and ensure that no one is placed in a situation where he is treated unfairly. A smart soldier does not resort to discrimination. The Defence Forces working culture and being a soldier presuppose good behaviour. Discrimination and inappropriate behaviour are not tolerated in the Finnish Defence Forces. Anyone doing his/ her military service has to make sure that he/she behaves appropriately. Superiors carry particular responsibility for the operating procedures and atmosphere within their unit. If discrimination or derogatory behaviour directed at his/her subordinates is brought to the superior's attention, it is his/her duty to intervene. It is the company commander's duty to ensure that all of the conscripts in his/her unit know what to do in a situation where someone is treated inappropriately. You can find more information on procedures in case of harassment, bullying and hazing in the Soldier's Guide, on company notice boards and in barracks information folders.

Questions about day-to-day garrison life?

Join your brigade-level unit contingent's Facebook or Instagram group. There you will find information about everyday life in the military and useful tips for starting and getting through your military service. The groups are maintained by the previous contingent's conscripts, the so-called Some (Social Media) Agents. You can also use Facebook's private message function to ask them about things you may be wondering about. You can find the links to the groups in the recruit information bulletin you get before starting your service. Come and find out about everyday life in the garrison and your fellow soldiers through Facebook!

Military justice

Military justice is based on the provisions of Chapter 45 of the Criminal Code concerning military offences as well as on the Military Court Procedure Act and on the Act on Military Discipline and Crime Prevention in the Defence Forces. Conscripts and women accepted to voluntary military service are subject to military justice as soon as they have arrived or were liable to arrive to perform their military service. They remain within the system until they muster out, even in their free time and during leave. Persons failing to arrive at their military unit when called up are guilty of absence without leave or desertion.

The commanders of company-level units (company/ battery/flight/unit), their superiors and the company sergeant major have the right to enforce discipline. In military discipline proceedings, after investigations have been carried out, a conscript can be given a disciplinary punishment (reminder, confinement to barracks, extra duty, warning, disciplinary fine). You can appeal a disciplinary decision made by the battalion commander, company commander or company sergeant major, i.e. make a request for settlement to the commander of the brigadelevel unit. Disciplinary decisions, including those based on pleas for resolution, given by the brigade commander or a higher disciplinary official can be appealed by issuing an official disciplinary complaint to a court of law.

The Parliamentary Ombudsman ensures the legality of military justice. According to law, the Parliamentary Ombudsman must especially monitor the rights and fair treatment of conscripts.

Legal assistance

Conscripts can meet with legal problems, with which they need expert help. Especially in legal proceedings it is often necessary to have a legally trained advisor.

Conscripts can be appointed an advisor to help with legal matters either entirely or partly funded by the state. Legal assistance is provided by public legal advisers, lawyers and other jurists. The website oikeus.fi provides more specific information on legal assistance as well as other information on the workings of the judicial system.

Anticipate entering the Reserve

After mustering out, you may experience a temporary feeling of indecision and emptiness. A busy and eventful time in service is left behind and new friends are no longer there. It is a good idea to keep in touch with your friends, and It is easier to return to civilian life if you start planning your future; work, studies or future profession well in advance. The social welfare officer and the conscript committee are there to support you also in this phase.

Professional matters and military service certificate

Many aspects of military training are of use in a civilian profession, too. Certain elements of military training are accepted as the equivalent of the practical training needed for some professions, and in some fields conscript service can be considered as work experience.

It may be easier to obtain many civilian jobs if you have done your military service successfully and have received special or leadership training. Military service also opens up opportunities in peacekeeping, the Rapid Deployment Force or a military career.

All conscripts who have completed their military service receive a military service certificate which states the military training received and a personal evaluation. This will be useful in working life (work experience) and educational establishments (credit). Educational establishments decide independently how military service can be credited.

Mustering out

If you have a job, inform your employer well in advance that you will be returning to your job. Remember that you have the right to return to your own position or post or an equivalent one.

If you are unemployed, you should report to the employment and economic development office and to the unemployment fund of your trade union.

If you have a place as a student in an educational establishment, inform your school that you will start your studies and make sure your student financial aid is in order.

If you are an entrepreneur, you should inform your pension institution that you are mustering out.

If you cannot work because of an accident or an illness you had when you were doing military service, ask



for the military unit's physician to write you a certificate, contact the State Treasury for actual compensation, and, if necessary, apply for income support from KELA.

You and your family are entitled to an evaluation of the need for income support and other social security benefits (contact KELA) as well as the social services in your municipality (contact the social welfare office in your home municipality).

Refresher training and voluntary national defence

Once you have completed your military service, you will be placed in the Reserve. The Reserve forms the major part of the Defence Forces' wartime personnel.

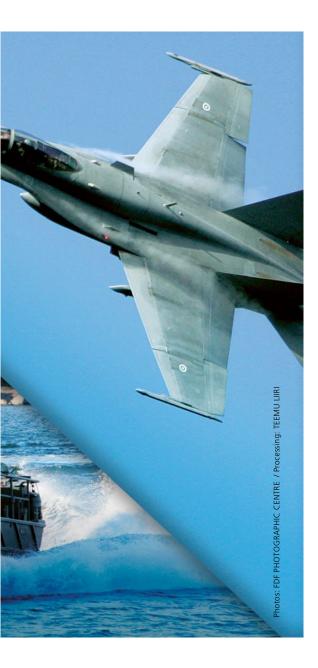
Reservists are paid a reservist salary when they must attend refresher training. The rates are the following (situation in 2022):

- rank and file EUR 63.30 a day
- non-commissioned officers EUR 66.46 a day
- commissioned officers and special officers EUR 69,62 a day and
- all receive a tax-free per diem of EUR 5.20 a day (women receive an additional feminine equipment per diem of EUR 0.50 a day).

In addition to mandatory refresher training, reservists can participate in voluntary national defence and attend courses organised by the National Defence Training Association in order to maintain and develop their military skills and the sense of togetherness and team spirit with their wartime unit.

Services and branches





The aim is a wartime force

The aim of conscript training is to provide training and orientation for conscripts in functions serving national defence, and thus provide the necessary prerequisites for the country to form total units in case of war. This means that each conscript must be trained for wartime duties according to his abilities and talent. Conscript training takes place in the Army, Navy and Air Force or Border Guard.

The training of the wartime units takes place at the end of the service period for rank and file (165 days), which is called the unit training phase. The unit training phase lasts six weeks. The aim is that training and other activities take place during the entire training period in as realistic circumstances as possible and in the wartime composition in which training in refresher exercises also takes place. The unit training phase is considered the peak of conscript training with regard to skill and knowledge.

The successful realisation of training requires leaders with the right kind of attitude towards their subordinates. Straightforward and strict military discipline is a part of the training, but leaders must understand their responsibility for the well-being of their subordinates. In the same way, subordinates must understand the responsibility of their leaders with regard to the activities of the unit and the training. All involved, both those in training and their instructors, belong to the same unit and work towards a common goal.

The basic training phase is the same for all conscripts

With regard to the content of training, the basic training phase that begins military service is basically the same for all conscripts. During the phase, all conscripts receive a soldier's basic training and take the basic military examination. The basic training phase is identical in all Services and branches of service.

Selections for training branches are made during the basic training phase. When selections are made, the conscript's motivation for entering the training in question is also taken into consideration. After the basic training phase, conscript training diverges according to branch of training.





The Army forms the main part of the Defence Forces' wartime strength. During peacetime, the main task of the Army brigade-level units is to train the ground forces to be formed in case of raising readiness. The Army includes infantry, field artillery, air defence, engineer, signals, logistics and nowadays also army aviation.

Infantry >

The infantry is the backbone of the Army. In combat, its task is to repel and defeat the enemy in cooperation with other branches. The infantry moves by modern allterrain trucks or armoured vehicles. Success depends on the speed of the action.

Carrying out combat missions requires good ability to move both on foot and skis. Infantrymen are required to be in good physical condition and to have psychological resilience and the ability to take the initiative in fulfilling their tasks.

Approximately half of all conscripts called up are trained in the infantry. The versatile training is divided into several branches of training. These are:

- jaeger training
- reconnaissance, aerial reconnaissance and special forces training,
- mortar training
- anti-tank training
- armour training and
- military police training

In all branches of training some conscripts are trained as non-commissioned officers and some as reserve officers. Learning the personal skills of a combatant and how to use modern weaponry as well as leadership training are interesting and challenging.

Infantry is trained in different parts of the country:

- Jaeger Brigade in Sodankylä and Rovaniemi
- Kainuu Brigade in Kajaani
- Karelia Brigade in Kouvola
- Army Academy in Hamina
- Utti Jaeger Regiment in Kouvola
- Armoured Brigade in Hattula
 Pori Brigade in Säkylä and Niinisalo
- Guard Jaeger Regiment in Helsinki

Aerial reconnaissance is one of the newest Army conscript training programmes The training is versatile ranging from extensive theory instruction to physically straining reconnaissance training. In aerial reconnaissance, you can serve in rank-and-file or leadership tasks.

Although training varies according to where the brigade-level unit is and what special branch the training is for, on the whole the training is the same: it aims to train an efficient combatant and his leader.

Field artillery

The field artillery is a versatile and technical branch. It has at its disposal the most modern equipment, such as target acquisition equipment, laser range finders, thermal cameras, light amplifiers, artillery radars and information technology in different level calculators, signal systems and simulators. The most important task of the field artillery is to support the infantry in battle with well-timed and precise close support fires. This is done by firing with artillery pieces, armoured self-propelled guns and rocket launchers at distances up to 80 kilometres.

Those serving in the field artillery are called gunners. Gunners have the possibility of training for the task of





reserve officer, non-commissioned officer or rank and file. This branch is an entity made up of leaders, signallers, radar specialists, rangefinders, forward observers, reconnaissance specialists, gun line soldiers and those serving in support tasks.

Activities are often carried out in cooperation between different sections and fireteams. The spirit of the gunner, which is prevalent in the branch comes from the awareness that the input of each and every one is equally important for reaching the common goal.

- Field artillery training units:
 - Pori Brigade in Niinisalo
 - Armoured Brigade in Hattula
 - Kainuu Brigade in Kajaani
 - Karelia Brigade in Kouvola
 - Army Academy in Hamina

Ground-based air defence

Ground-based air defence protects combat units and military and civilian targets against enemy air attacks, and cause casualties to the enemy. Units are equipped with surface-to-air-missiles and air defence guns as well as command and control and surveillance instruments. Air defence missiles are efficient and technologically demanding systems. They form the brunt of regional air defence. The mid-range ITO12 (NASAMS) and shortrange ITO90M (Crotale) missile systems are used for protecting important regional targets, the most important troop formations and military targets, and to cause casualties to the attacker. The short-range ITO05 and ITO05M missile systems are designed to cause casualties to the enemy in the deployment areas of the combat troops. Projectile-based air defence weapons are used to supplement the capability of missile systems. The calibers of air defence weapons vary from the 12.7 mm heavy machine gun to the 35 mm air defence cannon.

An advanced command and control system enabling the generation of situation picture and control of fire in real-time is used for commanding combat operations.

Rank and file and section leaders of the air defence branch are trained in Parolannummi, Vekaranjärvi and Rovaniemi and reserve officers in Hamina.

Air defence as a branch offers tasks that are technologically challenging to both those in rank and file and those trained for leadership duties. Command and control (C2) and weapons systems are now technically more demanding. That is why there is a greater need for people with an education in electronics and information technology.

A special group needed in all air defence units is people with experience of RC model air planes to fly remote controlled target drones. If you are assigned to a brigade-level unit that trains conscripts in air defence and you are interested in becoming a drone operator, let your superiors know no later than when you start your service.

- Ground-based air defence training units:
 - Jaeger Brigade in Rovaniemi
 - Karelia Brigade in Kouvola
 - Armoured Brigade in Hattula





The task of signals units is to build and maintain connections for command and control, reconnaissance and use of fires Connections are achieved using modern signal systems and instruments, among others digital IP-based communications system M18, regional units' communications systems and digital field radios. Signals units establish, maintain and protect their echelon's command posts and are responsible for moving and maintaining them. Communication links and command posts are established either in vehicles or in movable containers and the information systems that they contain enable situational awareness and the effective command of troops. The signals branch offers interesting tasks for those interested in making use of possibilities provided by technology in different crisis conditions. Although training in communication and information technology is considered an extra bonus for those applying into the signal branch, it is not essential.

Signals NCO's are trained in the same brigade-level units as rank and file. Reserve officers are trained at the Army Academy's Reserve Officer School in Hamina and the Army Academy's Armour School in Hattula.

- Signals systems training units:
- Jaeger Brigade in Sodankylä
- Guard Jaeger Regiment in Helsinki
- Pori Brigade in Säkylä
- Karelia Brigade in Kouvola
- Kainuu Brigade in Kajaani
- Armoured Brigade in Hattula

Long-range radio training units:

- Karelia Brigade in Kouvola
- Kainuu Brigade in Kajaani
- Jaeger Brigade in Sodankylä
- Pori Brigade in Säkylä
- Utti Jaeger Regiment in Kouvola

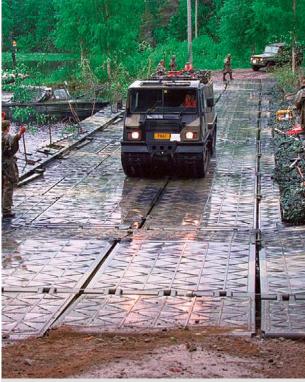


Engineers are the workmen of the battlefield. Their tasks are extensive and diverse, and include combatant tasks. Engineers mould the operating environment so that it is to the advantage of their own troops and limit the effects of the enemy and the prevailing circumstances. The engineer branch trains conscripts into engineers, explosive ordnance disposal (EOD) experts and CBRNe specialists. Some of the engineers are trained to work as mechanics and drivers of various machinery and into special equipment operators. In the Army, training is provided by the Jaeger Brigade, Kainuu Brigade, Pori Brigade, Armoured Brigade, Karelia Brigade, Guards Jaeger Regiment, Reserve Officer School and, in the Navy, Uudenmaa / Nyland Brigade.

The task of engineers is to slow the movement of the enemy by laying mines and by destroying roads and bridges essential for the operations of the enemy. To aid the movement of friendly troops, engineers clear mines, maintain the roads in good condition and, when needed, build bridges and roads that are suitable for field conditions. Pontoon and bridge equipment can also be used to cross waterways. Those who are trained for Explosive Ordnance Disposal (EOD) become specialised in clearing demanding target areas. The majority of the rank and file and leaders trained to be engineers take the Defence Forces blaster's test.

CBRNe is part of the engineer activities. The objective of CBRNe training is to provide combatants with readiness to survive when within the sphere of influence of chemical, biological, nuclear and incendiary weapons. Training includes CBRNe surveillance and reconnaissance, protection and decontamination as well as rescue activities. Rescue training includes a fire fighting and rescue course, which earns participants a certificate equivalent to that of the Finnish National Rescue Association's course. In addition, training is also given in smoke diving and first aid skills. CBRNe training is of use also in the civilian sector, in fire fighting and rescue duties. If you are willing to serve in CBRNe duties you should make this known at the call-up. Conscripts to be trained in the CBRNe troops and persons going on crisis management missions are trained in the Pori Brigade.

- Engineer training units:
 - Karelia Brigade in Kouvola
 - Kainuu Brigade in Kajaani
 - Pori Brigade in Säkylä
 - Armoured Brigade in Hattula
 - Nyland Brigade, Raasepori (Navy)
 - Army Academy in Hamina
 - Jaeger Brigade in Sodankylä
 - Guard Jaeger Regiment in Helsinki



A pontoon bridge in use built by engineers.



Military police D

The Defence Forces also trains military police. Their task is among other things the security surveillance of military installations and maintenance of order as well as traffic supervision and direction.

In addition to the basic training of a combatant, military police are also provided with knowledge and skills that can well be compared with the training of a civilian police or guard. These are e.g. knowledge and skills relating to the use of force. Military police training is of use when applying for posts in the aforementioned professions.

As training progresses, the military police serve in guarding tasks in the garrisons. Here also, the aim is a high-quality combatant. At the same time, the tasks of military police in times of crisis also become familiar. Those to be trained as military police are selected from among the brigade-level units.

Due to the nature of the tasks, military police are required to be in good physical and mental condition. In addition, those in military police training must have an irreproachable background. The service period for military police to be trained as leaders is 347 days and 255 days for regular military policemen.

Logistics D

The job of logistics is to make sure that the troops are equipped for combat. In order to protect their own activities, logistics units are capable of fighting as infantry.

In order to maintain the troops' ability to fight, logistics replenishes and maintains materiel, transports, and maintains the capability of soldiers by means of medical care and support services. Resupplying includes among other things the storage of munitions and petrol, oil & lubricants (POL) and their distribution to the units. Maintenance includes e.g. maintenance and repairing of weapons and vehicles. Transportation moves materiel and troops to the right place at the right time. The task of the medical corps is to provide care and treatment for the injured, ill and wounded as well as to evacuate them to a treatment facility. Logistics services also include providing rations and water for the troops.

The logistics units' compositions include heavy trucks and their trailers and load-handling equipment, road tractors and their container trailers, all-terrain vehicles (quad bikes), different kinds of containers, maintenance vehicles and modern repair equipment. The medical corps has modern field medicine stations and evacuation vehicles. Logistics troops' command and control equipment is up to logistics command and control requirements and challenges of the modern-day battlefield.

In addition to logistics units, you can specialise in logistics in other units as well. Logistics tasks are included in the tasks of wartime personnel in all branches and services. Logistics training for rank and file, NCO and reserve officer tasks is given in all brigade-level units.

It is definitely a good idea to apply for a placement in logistics already at the call-up, if you are interested in a



technical and versatile training environment and task. If you have a professional degree in a logistics-related subject or if you are studying in the field of technology (metal, machinery or electronics) or logistics or if you intend to apply to study in this field after military service, mention this in the recruit questionnaire or on your entry into military service. If you have a degree in health care or medicine, military medical training offers an excellent opportunity to gain experience in emergency field medicine.

At the end of military service, you receive a service certificate stating your tasks, which will be of use to you in the future.



Driver training

The Defence Forces trains around 3 000 conscripts annually at 13 brigade-level units for the Army, Navy and Air Force to become military drivers of heavy vehicles. Driving licence instruction is given for BE, C1, C1E, PvC, C, CE and D licences, as well as risk scenario training if needed. In addition, basic level (280 hours) and expedited basic level (140 hours) professional training as well as advanced professional training is given. Some conscripts in driver training also receive ADR training for transporting dangerous substances.

All units need drivers. Those to be selected for driver training must hold at least a class B driving licence on the date of selection. Your state of health must satisfy the requirements set for a C/CE licence. Those eligible to be selected for training are required not to have committed any aggravated traffic offences. It is to the applicant's advantage if he or she already has a basic degree in logistics or forest machinery (equiv.) and/or a professional bus, combination or lumber driver's degree and a valid C/CE licence. Professional competence training and possible work experience in the field are also to your advantage. Persons who have completed basic level professional competence for goods traffic drivers (280 h) are eligible for applying for D category driving training. Those selected receive extended professional competence training for passenger traffic. The service period of military drivers (categories C, CE and D) is 165, 255 or 347 days depending on their drivers' licence and level of skills when they entered service, and the assigned service task. Driver training aims at capitalising on the conscripts' skills and qualifications in the transportation branch acquired before they entered service.

Brigade-level units also provide training for other drivers to qualify them to drive the Defence Forces vehicles they need to drive for performing their tasks. You can be trained to drive e.g. the following vehicles: cars and off-road vehicles, emergency vehicles, tractors, snowmobiles, all-terrain vehicles (quad bikes) and off-road motorcycles. The rank and file combatants receiving this training usually serve for the same amount of time as soldiers carrying out the unit's main task. Note that those trained as ambulance drivers take the C1 licence and emergency driving course, but do not gain basic level professional competence.

In the Defence Forces driver training you can achieve a driver's professional competence. It deepens the professional competence of those who have a basic degree in logistics. This is not a vocational degree, however, but rather a driving permit in accordance with the act on the professional qualification of truck and bus drivers. The skills acquired in the Defence Forces are also useful when applying to continuing training and professions in the transportation and logistics branch.

For more detailed information contact your regional office or the brigade-level unit that you would like to do your military service in.

Transportation and logistics are important components of Logistics.







The Navy's tasks for the military defence of Finland include monitoring our maritime areas and repelling territorial violations, protecting sea lines of communication and repelling attacks by sea.

The goal of the Navy's capability and readiness building is to carry out the tasks assigned by law. The Finnish Defence Forces have four main tasks: Finland's military defence, assisting other authorities, providing and receiving international assistance and participating in international military crisis management. The Navy maintains real-time operational situation picture and participates in the multinational surveillance of the Baltic Sea. The Navy is on standby, patrols and monitors 24/7/365.

The Navy acts as a territorial surveillance authority. The Navy steers and monitors military seafaring and measures to promote and ensure it by participating in cooperation between maritime actors, for example.

The Navy comprises naval and coastal units. Naval striking force is composed of surface warfare and mine counter-measures squadrons equipped with fast attack missile craft, minelayers and coastal minelayers as well as mine countermeasures vessels. The coastal troops include e.g. coastal jaeger, maritime reconnaissance coastal missile and coastal engineer units. The Navy's combat divers are trained for the Defence Forces special operations forces.

The only Finnish Defence Forces unit that uses the Swedish language in training is the Navy's Nyland Brigade. In addition to coastal jaeger training, the Nyland Brigade also provides readiness unit / international training on its Amphibious Task Unit courses.

Challenging circumstances, demanding tasks requiring independent initiative and the international operational environment make service in the Navy popular. The Navy's almost one hundred different leadership or rank and file duties in conscript training offer something for everyone.

Conscript training in the Navy

Conscripts enter naval service in January and July. The basic training phase is carried out either in the Coastal Brigade or the Nyland Brigade. In the Coastal Brigade, conscript training is provided in Upinniemi in Kirkkonummi. In addition, conscript training for one companylevel unit is carried out in Pansio in Turku. The training provided by the Nyland Brigade takes place in Dragsvik, in Raasepori.

In the course of the basic training phase, all conscripts receive the standard basic training of a combatant. After this, training is divided into specialised training in naval and coastal troops in the branch training phase.

In the Navy, a large part of the conscripts are trained as specialists whose service is at least 255 days. The service period for those in training to become officers, NCOs and for special rank and file (military boat and C and E class drivers) is 347 days. All those in training to become officers for the Navy and most of those to be trained officers for the coastal troops receive their reserve officer training at the Naval Academy in Suomenlinna. Training for reserve officer students is divided into training for naval and coastal forces. All troops receive the same leadership, instructor and tactics training. Naval reserve officers gain the basic knowledge and skills in seafaring and seamanship required for steering a small vessel. The coastal forces' programme is divided into maritime surveillance and maritime reconnaissance. Maritime surveillance teaches the basics of maritime surveillance and forward observation. Those trained in maritime reconnaissance gain basic skills in reconnaissance patrolling and observation in demanding coastal conditions.

Part of the officer training in the special fields of the coastal troops is carried out in programmes of the Army at the Reserve Officer School in Hamina. Such fields include for example the military police, rifle, mortar training, anti-tank training and engineer training branches.

Instructions for applying to the diving course are on page 54.

Naval troops

The service places of the naval troops are among the naval vessel units. Naval training begins with basic training in the Coastal Brigade in Pansio. The actual service aboard is carried out aboard the vessels of the Coastal Fleet in Pansio (Turku) and Upinniemi (Kirkkonummi).

The requirement for entry into service aboard as well as diver is fitness class A. Those in training for tasks on deck and those applying to naval training on the Naval Reserve Officer Course must have normal colour vision and vision must be at least 1.0 in the better and 0.5 in the lesser eye without eyeglasses. Radio communications men, machine engineers and ship's cooks are required to have at least 0.2/0.2 vision without eyeglasses and 0.8/0.2 with eyeglasses. Those chosen for service aboard cannot be prone to sea sickness, severe lactose intolerance or coeliac disease. The Navy's health regulations have been published in the Defence Forces' current health examination guide-lines (Terveystarkastusohje, TTO 2012 (in Finnish), puolustusvoimat.fi or google: "Terveystarkasusohje", pp 39-41).

The conscript training provided by the Coastal Brigade in Upinniemi or Turku is followed by a branch training phase in Pansio (Turku). During the first three weeks the training focuses on general training for navy sailors. After this, the training continues aboard vessels in Pansio and Upinniemi.

Coastal troops

Coastal troops are given versatile training year-round in the demanding conditions prevailing in the archipelago and the territorial waters. There are coastal troops service places in all naval units that provide conscript training. During the basic training phase, conscripts are taught all the basic skills of a soldier, the skills of the individual combatant and a pair of combatants within a section.

The branch training phase and special training phase for those serving in the coastal troops last 12 weeks in all, during which they gain the knowledge and skills of the branch and specialise in one specific crisis time task. The requirements for entry into training are largely the same as in corresponding duties in the Army. Some of the NCO training in the coastal troops as well as the special training of the rank and file, such as e.g. logistics NCO training, is given on courses provided by the Army.

Coastal jaegers are trained in the Swedish-speaking Nyland Brigade

The physically and psychologially demanding coastal jaeger training is given at the Nyland Brigade in Raasepori. Versatile training is provided in a maritime environment with modern equipment. The coastal jaegers move through the archipelago by e.g. Jurmo and Jehu class landing craft and fast raiding craft. The brigade also provides international training on its Amphibious Task Unit courses. Boatmen, coastal missile specialists and coastal engineers are also trained in the Nyland Brigade. Those aiming to become boatmen must have normal hearing, normal colour vision and their vision without eyeglasses must be at least 1.0 in the better and 0.5 in the lesser eye. Training in the Nyland Brigade is carried out in Swedish but commands are given in Finnish.



The dark green beret is one of the most famous berets in the world. The President of the Republic granted the coastal jaegers the right to wear the green beret in 1980 to show the demanding and special nature of the coastal jaeger training. This beret is one of the insignia that must be earned, and sweat is not the only thing it takes to earn it. You can also lose the beret through conduct not befitting a soldier.



Air Force

The Air Force is responsible for the continuous surveillance and security of Finland's airspace. Violations of airspace are prevented by force if necessary. In addition, the Air Force supports the activities of other authorities, e.g. the police and rescue services, and participates in international missions. In war, the main task of the Air Force is to protect the Finnish airspace against fighter jets and support the combat of the Army and Navy.

The Air Force trains military pilots and other personnel for peace and wartime duties in airbases and for various air defence tasks. The Air Force offers a rewarding way of performing military service for anyone interested in flying, aviation, technology, transportation or military police work. After military service, you may even find your future profession in the Air Force.

Military service in the Air Force

The Air Force annually trains approximately 1,300 conscripts for air defence tasks. Half of them are trained at the Air Force Academy in Tikkakoski. Conscript training is also provided at Satakunta Air Command in Pirkkala, and Karelia Air Command in Rissala. At Lapland Air Command in Rovaniemi, the conscripts serve administratively under the Jaeger Brigade after their service that had started at the Air Force Academy and after also completing their special training there. It is possible to enter conscript service in the Air Force either by applying to special courses through a separate application process, or through call-ups. Both of these paths can lead to the career of an NCO or officer, which means that your service location can also become your future workplace!

Service begins in January or July. During the basic training phase, all conscripts receive the same basic training of a combatant as in all services. After this the training diverges according to tasks. The service periods in the Air Force are 165, 255 or 347 days. Training for leadership tasks always lasts 347 days. Air Force NCO courses (excluding the Control and Reporting Centre Programme) enable possible entry onto the Reserve Officer Course. The Defence Forces' leadership training is highly regarded in the civilian labour market.

Women can apply to voluntary military service in the Air Force through selection events or by applying to a special course. Women applying to the special forces/ tasks fill in the special forces/tasks application form and volunteer military service application form and send these application forms along with appendices to their regional office.

Military service in the Air Force through the call-up

Conscripts who have entered military service in the Air Force through the call-up are trained to be leaders and rank and file in the wartime troops of battle bases and overall air defence. The rank and file are trained i.a. for the tasks of aviation ordnance men and signalmen. Conscripts are trained for rank-and-file tasks requiring special skills to become, for example, military policemen and medics Leaders for battle base signal troops and force protection sections, for example, are trained on the NCO course and Reserve Officer Course.

Military Service in the Air Force by application

Air Force conscripts who get selected through the special application process receive training on special courses to fly, repair aircraft, monitor the airspace, lead fighters in the sky or drive trucks or articulated vehicles.

The application period for special courses of the Air Force ends on1 September for the January contingent and on 1 March for the July contingent. The application period for the Pilot Reserve Officer Course (military pilots) that starts in July the following year, ends on 1 November. The Air Force Academy in Tikkakoski organises a Pilot Reserve Officer Course, NCO Aircraft Maintenance Programme (assistant mechanics), NCO Control and Reporting Centre Programme (situation picture operators and fighter controllers) and Air Force Military Driver Course.

The service period for the special courses is 347 days, and with the exception of rank and file driver training, this always includes completing the NCO or Reserve Officer Course (conscript leadership training). If an applicant gets selected to a special course, the regional office will change his/her service location to the Air Force Academy, regardless of what service location was assigned at the call-up.

For more information for applying to the Air Force's special courses see pages 58–61.

Up-to-date information on the training, selection criteria and application process is available on the intti.fi website at: intti.fi > About to enter into the military? > Air Force's Special Programmes

Contacts and possible questions can be sent by email to: erikoiskurssit.ilmav@mil.fi



Border Guard

Operating under the Ministry of the Interior, the Border Guard is a modern, cooperative and internationally renowned centre of expertise in border security and maritime rescue issues. The core functions of the Border Guard are border surveillance, border checks, crime prevention, maritime safety, maritime environmental protection, international cooperation and national defence.

The Border Guard functions on land, at sea and in the air, providing security in all conditions.



The task of the Border Guard, which is subordinate to the Ministry of the Interior, is maintaining border security. The most important tasks are monitoring the borders on land and in territorial waters as well as passport control at border crossing points and in seaports and airports. The Border Guard leads maritime rescue services, carries out search and rescue tasks, as well as the urgent transportation of patients. The Border Guard is also responsible for maintaining public order and safety at border crossings in cases when the Police is unable to do so. On occasion, the Border Guard can also perform urgent tasks related to maintaining public order and safety that the Police is not immediately able to perform. In parallel with the Customs Service, the Border Guard carries out customs surveillance along the borders of Finland and at such border crossings where the Customs Service has not organised customs surveillance. The Border Guard has the authority to investigate crimes that it detects in its field of duty and if necessarv it submits these for consideration of charges. The Border Guard has a military organisational structure. It consists of the Border Guard Headquarters, four border guard districts, two coast guard districts, the Air Patrol Squadron and the Border and Coast Guard Academy. The Border Guard employs about 2,800 people.

Defending the nation has always been an important task of the Border Guard, a task which it carries out in cooperation with the Defence Forces. Border control, i.e. patrolling the national border and territorial waters is at the same time the surveillance of territorial integrity. The Border Guard also trains conscripts for crisis duties.

Through the call-ups to the Border Guard

The North Karelia and Lapland Border Guard Districts train reconnaissance men in the border jaeger companies in Onttola and Ivalo for the wartime and emergency situation duties as border guard reserves. Entry into training takes place through the call-ups. The Border Jaeger Company of the North Karelia Border Guard also trains women who have applied to voluntary military service. All conscripts receive e.g. weapon and marksmanship training, reconnaissance, ranger, wilderness skills and engineer training. In addition, all conscripts receive training for border guard duties, which enables carrying out the main functions of the Border Guard in times of crisis or, if necessary, already in peacetime. The training is challenging, especially physically, so those applying to serve in the Border Guard are expected to be in good condition when entering service. Conscripts that are trained to become reserve officers are sent to the Reserve Officer School in Hamina. Reserve NCOs are trained on the Border Jaeger Companies' own NCO courses. NCOs are trained as combat lifesavers (medical NCO), engineers and weapons NCOs.

Rank and file are trained on the following special courses:

- sniper's spotter
- Combat Lifesaver (medic)
- signals
- engineer
- all-terrain carrier and quad bike driver
- runner, including snow mobile or motorcycle training
- More information on military service in the Border Guard will be available at the call-up and the Border Guard website at raja.fi.

Applying for special forces training in the Border Guard

The Border Guard's special border jaeger training is provided by the Border and Coast Guard Academy's Special Border Jaeger Company in Immola in Imatra. One contingent is accepted annually in July based on applications and annual selection tests held in January – February.

 Further information and instructions for applying to the special forces and branches under the heading Special Border Jaeger (p. 55).





Special application process and applying for special duties

Special application process

You can apply for tasks through the special application process before the call-up, after the call-up before starting your military service or during military service. Persons who have applied through the special application process will be called to selection events based on which the actual selections are made. Each training programme has its own entry requirements and application period. All units arranging a special application process will advertise and organise their own selection events, select the applicants accepted into training and notify the applicants of the results and the regional offices for the sending of military service orders. In other words, no-one is ordered directly through the call-ups to serve in the tasks applied for in the special application process. For those applying to serve in them, a reserve posting is determined at the call-up, in case they do not get selected in the special application process. The tasks applied for through the special application process include e.g. paratroopers, divers, special border jaegers, the Finnish Rapid Deployment Force, military bandsmen and special courses of the Air Force, electronic warfare personnel, cyber conscripts and athletes. You must report for service as instructed in your military service order received by you at the call-up. In other words, even if you have applied for a task through the special application process, you must report for duty at the service location marked in your military service order if you have not been selected by then. Before conscript service you can ask about the different tasks at the regional offices, and during your service you can ask the commander of your company-level unit.

Women applying through the special application process

If you want to file an application through the special application process via the Defence Forces E-Service (asiointi.puolustusvoimat.fi), you must also file an application to women's voluntary military service at the same address.

If you wish to apply for a task through the special application process using a paper application, provide the regional office with the following documents:

- application to voluntary service
- an application to the special operations forces
- Medical certificate of your state of health (must use Defence Forces' form)

Apply online

Mainly, you apply to the special operations forces through the Finnish Defence Forces E-Service. The service is accessible by the websites of the Finnish Defence Forces and the Border Guard and the Suomi.fi platform. Always check the application instructions and deadlines on the Finnish Defence Forces website (Intti edessä), which has the latest information!

Applying for special duties

In special duties, the aim is to train conscripts who have a university or equivalent degree or who are far enough in their studies or otherwise have the required skills for wartime duties that correspond with their field of specialisation. In special duties you get to use and get better at your speciality and in return, your time as a conscript will pay off later in your studies and your working life. Special duties are available for those who are studying or have completed studies in journalism or media, intelligence, IT, scientific research, sports science, environmental studies, theology, medicine and law, among others. Especially in the near future the Defence Forces will be looking for photographers, graphic designers, journalists, programmers and research assistants. The newest special duties are those of virtual training environment support specialists. The number of conscripts to be trained and application instructions are published on the Defence Forces website (intti.fi In service), in the Ruotuväki magazine and other, for example, professional channels. Application instructions are available on the Defence Forces website (intti.fi In service).

Those chosen for special duties, transfer to their duties as soon as the basic training phase is completed. From special duties you can also apply for leadership training. Those selected for leadership training return to special duties as conscript leaders after undergoing leadership training (NCO or Reserve Officer Course).

In addition to this, brigade-level units may also offer the possibility to serve in special duties in one's own brigade level unit or e.g. in the conscript committee. Applying for local duties is specific to the brigade-level unit.

Tasks to be applied for through the special application process

Paratroopers

The special operations forces of the Army are trained in the Utti Jaeger Regiment. The Special Jaeger Battalion's Paratrooper Company trains conscripts that have applied and been selected to become paratroopers in the special forces of the reserve of the Army.

Soldiers in the special forces are physically and psychologically fit soldiers capable of operating in small groups in very demanding conditions.

Paratrooper training is challenging both mentally and physically. Conscripts that have applied for and been accepted into paratrooper training receive basic training in special forces' reconnaissance and combat duties. The special features of this type of training are versatile weapons, marksmanship and combat training, parachute training and operating with helicopters. All paratroopers are trained at least as NCOs and about 20 % are trained to become reserve officers on the Reserve Officer Course arranged at the Utti Jaeger Regiment.

The Paratrooper Company takes only one contingent per year. Paratroopers begin their service in July and serve for 347 days. Women who are applying for voluntary military service can also apply for paratrooper training. The admission criteria are the same for men and women.

Entrance requirements

Good health: category A fitness for service

- vision requirement: at least 1.0 in each eye without eyeglasses (vision may be surgically corrected)
- normal fields of vision and flawless colour vision
- normal hearing
- good physical condition (excellent muscle fitness, result in 12 min. running test 3 000 m. minimum
- good swimming skills (result in 200 metre swimming test: time under 4 min 45 sec)
- reasonable skiiing skills (10 km/h in military skiing gear)

Eliminating factors include asthma, lactose intolerance that is easily aggravated, coeliac disease, difficult skin diseases and rashes, allergies demanding medical treatment and limiting activities, other prolonged diseases requiring regular medication, unkept teeth or dentures, limbs that have been broken within a short period of time or difficult joint injuries and a criminal register or acts that have led to punishment (theft, embezzlement, assault, driving while intoxicated, aggravated endangering of traffic safety or three other traffic offences and other issues considered disqualifying for driver training in the Defence Forces).12 min. running test result under 3 000 m., swimming skills under 200 m.

Applying:

Conscript service in the paratroopers is based on voluntary applications. The application period annually is 1 September-30 November for the course starting the following year.

Pre-selection takes place based on applications. Those who pass the pre-selection are called to a two-day selection event in January. The selection includes physi-



cal and psychological aptitude tests, interviews and a medical exam. There is a selection test where 60 to 80 of the most suitable applicants are chosen. The selection results are announced in March.

You can apply for paratrooper training even if you have already started your military service in some other brigade-level unit. Even though you have already done part of your military service, this does not count when you are accepted into paratrooper training. Paratrooper training always lasts 347 days. If you have completed your military service in another unit of the Defence Forces, you cannot start it again.

You can ask for more information by email at: lsvjkhakeutuminen.utjr@mil.fi.

Apply for paratrooper training through the Finnish Defence Forces E-Service. Fill out an application at asiointi.puolustusvoimat.fi

Further information: intti.fi/paratroopers

Divers

The Navy Diving School trains FDF divers in the Coastal Brigade in Upinniemi. The selection is held during week 35. The selection exams include physical fitness tests and the applicant will have a medical examination, an aptitude test and an interview. The applicant's fitness class must be A. The requirement concerning vision is 1.0 in both eyes and normal colour vision. Previous diving experience is not required.

The Diving School trains for combat diving and EOD tasks. In principle, the training alternates by year so that combat divers are trained even years and OED divers



odd years. However, the Diving School will carry out a combat diver course in 2023 and an OED course in 2024. All diver conscripts attending diver training are trained as NCO's or reserve officers. During conscript training diving days amount to around 60. A separate reimbursement is paid for diving.

Entrance into service takes place annually with the January contingent. The easiest way to apply is to fill out an electronic application in the Finnish Defence Forces E-Service. The electronic application can be found athttps://asiointi.puolustusvoimat.fi Use a paper application only if applying online is not possible. Applications should arrive at the Diving School by 31 July at the latest.

You can apply to the diving course also after you have entered service. Ask for more information from the Diving School or your own company-level unit.

Further information and application instructions are available at the Navy Diving School, tel. +358 299 325 502, regional offices and on the website intti.fi > About to enter into the military?

Diving School P.O. Box 5, 02471 UPINNIEMI sukeltajakoulu.rpr@mil.fi

Special border jaegers

The Border Guard's special border jaeger training is provided by the Border and Coast Guard Academy's Special Border Jaeger Company in Immola in Imatra. Motivated, physically and psychologically balanced and strong people are accepted for training. One contingent is accepted annually in July based on applications and selection exams held on an annual basis from January to February. Selection exams include physical and psychological aptitude tests and a medical exam. All special border iaegers are trained to be reserve NCOs at a minimum. Approximately 10 special border jaegers from each contingent are trained as reserve officers at the Utti Jaeger Regiment in Utti. Special border jaegers are trained to perform the Border Guard's most demanding border safety, reconnaissance and strike force duties in times of crisis and war.

The training is versatile and challenging because it aims to prepare the people to work as a part of a wartime unit. Proximity to the border and its special features are typical characteristics of the operational environment.

Entrance requirements:

- good physical condition and health
- Fitness for service, class A
- > visual acuity minimum 0.7 in both eyes
- without glasses (glasses should not be necessary)
- normal color vision, normal field of vision
- normal hearing
- the ability to swim at least 200 metres
- fair skiing skills
- a 12- minute running test result that is less than six months old

Eliminating factors include difficult skin diseases, allergies demanding medical treatment, other prolonged, severe diseases requiring regular medication, unkept teeth or dentures, limbs that have been broken within a short period of time or difficult joint injuries and a criminal register or acts that have led to punishment (theft, embezzlement, assault etc.).

Applying:

- > You can apply to special border jaeger training by the Finnish Defence Forces E-service or by filling out a paper application.
- The electronic application can be found at https://asiointi. puolustusvoimat.fi
- A medical certificate no less than six months old must be submitted with the paper application. Defence Forces medical examination form or T certificate (top part) is accepted, a youth health form is not.

Additional information, application forms and instructions for application are available at raja.fi/varusmies, or the Border and Coast Guard Academy, tel 029-542-9000, email: **erikoisrajajaakari@raja.fi**, or from Regional Offices. Your application with appendices must arrive by 6 December the year before you are to start your service. Written applications should be sent to the following address:

 Border and Coast Guard Academy Special Border Guard Company Selections Secretary Niskapietiläntie 32 D 55910 Imatra

Finnish Rapid Deployment Force

The Finnish Rapid Deployment Force is a special Army unit that aims at training a high-quality, internationally interoperable battle group. Rapid deployment force units are primarily trained to defend Finland, in addition to which conscripts serving in these troops also receive special training for military crisis management tasks during an international phase held at the end of the 347-day military service phase. All conscripts selected for the training will do their leadership training on the NCO or Reserve Officer Course.

Training

The units in training are internationally compatible and they are trained based on both national training requirements and criteria set for NATO's combat forces. This ensures a high quality of training and good capabilities. In addition to defending their homeland, conscripts who have undergone Finnish Rapid Deployment Force training are ready to participate in international crisis management tasks where conscripts are able to practice the required skills as part of a multinational force in an international exercise.

Rapid deployment force training produces a jaeger company and an engineer platoon out of the July contingent.

A conscript in international rapid deployment force training wears a gold beret emblem. The right to bear the emblem is earned in a demanding beret emblem test towards the end of military service.

Selection criteria

Requirements for applicants to the Finnish Rapid Deployment Force

- Fitness for service classification A,
- > At least satisfactory skills in the Finnish language,
- > Capacity to withstand psychological pressure,
- Good physical condition,
- At least satisfactory skills in the English language (good grade in English in comprehensive school).

Applicants cannot have

- A criminal record,
- A record of drunken driving or a report of three other offences,
- > Chronic eczema or allergies,
- Signs of psychological disorders,
- Lactose intolerance that is easily aggravated,
- Coeliac disease,
- Musculoskeletal disorders.
- Of benefit to applicants
- A suitable civilian education (e.g. a driver's, carpenter's, mechanic's education or education in the medical, rescue, electrical or IT field),
- Other language skills,
- A clean traffic offence record,
- Class C driver's licence.

Applying

Application instructions are available at intti.fi under About to enter into the military? Applications must include:

- An application to the special operations forces (Finnish Rapid Deployment Force)
- Medical certificate (FDF form: Medical certificate on state of health, 441-2221, 12 months old at most)

Having already received an order to enter service does not prevent you from applying for international training. Those selected receive a new order to enter service, which includes the new date of entry into service.

Reporting for service takes place in the July contingent every year. Applying takes place through the Finnish Defence Forces E-Service. Fill out an application at asiointi.puolustusvoimat.fi

Use a paper application only if applying online is not possible. Applications must be received by 15 January at the latest at:

Pori Brigade

Application for FRDF conscript training Headquarters/Training Section P.O. Box 38 27801 SÄKYLÄ

Selection event

The Pori Brigade conducts a pre-selection annually based on applications. Those accepted based on the pre-selectiontest are sent a written invitation. The selection event lasts two days and takes place in Säkylä in March or April. The event includes the following:

- A 12-minute running test
- Evacuation test

- Muscular fitness test (push up, sit up, standing long jump)
- Basic test 1
- Basic test 2b
- Interview

English language test (as part of the interview)

The result of the 12-minute running test must be at least 2,500 meters.

In the evacuation test, the evacuee is a doll weighing approximately 55 kg. Passing the test requires lifting the doll up in the air and carrying it for 25 meters.

In the three-part muscular fitness test, the applicants must demonstrate a sufficient level of muscular fitness. The technique and points given in the test are the same for women and men.

The objective of the interview is to determine the applicant's motivation and willingness to commit to the readiness forces also after their military service.

In the written basic tests, the applicant's intellectual talent and characteristics are determined.

All participants in the selection tests, also those who were not chosen, are informed of the results in writing during the month of May.

Any changes to the selection tests will be announced on the Finnish Defence Forces website.

If you need more information concerning the selection tests, please contact koulutusala.porpr@mil.fi

Cyber conscript training

Cyber defence refers to the national defence component of national cyber security. Modern warfare takes place on information networks as well. Cyber defence protects the information systems and data transfer arrangements used in military national defence, and it enables the Defence Forces' operations and leadership. As a cyber conscript you will be a part of the Defence Forces cyber force and involved in carrying out these tasks in practice.

Cyber conscripts are given a six-week combatant's basic training in the Armoured Brigade in the basic training phase. That is when you learn the combatant's basic skills possessed by all combatants. After the basic training phase, cyber conscripts are given a 12- week special training at the C5 School in Riihimäki.

After the special training, cyber conscripts serve in the Defence Forces cyber force across Finland. There are service positions in the Army, Navy and Air Force as well as in establishments subordinate to the Defence Command. Supplementary training is also provided during the unit training phase.

We are looking for ordinary, motivated individuals who are interested in technology and want to improve their skills in the domain of cyber security. You don't have to be an expert, but it wouldn't be a bad thing, either.

Two contingents per year are trained to be cyber conscripts, and their service time is 255 days. A number of conscripts per contingent are trained for leadership tasks, and everyone can apply. Service time in leadership tasks is 347 days. The 15-20 most suitable applicants get selected to the contingent.

Would you like additional information about cyber defence? Take a look at the #kyberpuolustus manual https://urn.fi/URN:ISBN:978-951-25-3120-2

Requirements for cyber conscript training:

Serving in cyber tasks requires information technology skills. You are required to have experience of one or more information technology-related sub-areas, such as:

- programming
- network technologies
- operator systems (Windows, Linux) or
- maintenance of servers and terminals



Know-how in one or more of the following would be an asset:

- Network operations centre (NOC/SOC)
- Penetration testing and Red Teaming
- Cyber threat intelligence (CTI)
- Open source intelligence (OSINT)
- Digital forensics
- Software development
- Project management
- Virtualization technologies
- Artificial intelligence and machine learning and neural networks
- Operational technology and embedded systems
- Mobile technologies
- Cryptology

The following are also regarded as assets:

- Have motivation and interest in learning new things,
- Have skills for persistent and independent action and logical thinking
- Interest in software, electronics, foreign languages and anything new
- Willingness to work in teams and various types of groups
- Hacker mentality

Applicants must be irreproachable Finnish citizens.

Military service:

- 1. After the selection test, service begins in July the same year or in January the following year.
- 2. After the basic training phase, the branch training and special training phases (6 + 6 weeks) take place at the C5 School in Riihimäki.
- After the training received at the C5 School in Riihimäki, conscripts continue their service and training in cyber units across Finland until mustering out.
- Selections for leadership training are made during the branch training phase

During the branch and special training phases, everybody is provided with a sufficient level of basic knowledge about Blue Team - Red Team activities and project implementation. The training is practical and versatile information technology, information security and cyber security training.

After having received their cyber conscript special training, during the unit training or leadership training period, the conscripts serve in various Defence Forces cyber duties such as network operations centre and project tasks across Finland. Cyber conscript training includes both domestic and international cyber exercises.

Cyber conscripts will be placed to the Defence Forces cyber force reserve. After military service, and they will be eligible for seeking employment in cyber unit duties with the Defence Forces - as trainees or in permanent positions.

Applying and selection tests:

 As a rule, applying for cyber conscript training takes place before the start of your military service. But you may also apply to special operations forces even if you have already started your military service.

- Applications are filed at the Defence Forces E-Service at asiointi.puolustusvoimat.fi under "Apply to special operations forces" by 31 January.
- You can send the application also on paper, using the form "Application to the Special Forces" (Hakemus erikoisjoukkoihin), which is available at the regional offices, or you can print it from puolustusvoimat.fi/ asiointi/lomakkeet.

Paper applications must arrive on 31 January at the latest at:

 Finnish Defence Forces C5 Agency C5 School
 P.O. Box 5
 11311 RIIHIMÄKI
 Write on the envelope: "Application for cyber conscript training".

Based on applications, a number of applicants are invited to a day-long selection test in March. Based on the selection event the most suitable are ordered to report to the Armoured Brigade for military service.

The Defence Forces has interesting and challenging tasks for you in cyber defence. Take the challenge!

Electronic warfare training

Electronic warfare (EW) refers to the gathering of intelligence by means of systems using electromagnetic radiation, disruption of such systems, and countermeasures. The Electronic Warfare Training Centre in Riihimäki trains conscripts for demanding wartime tasls in the field of electronic warfare. The special characteristic of the training is the intelligence and communications training taking advantage of technical systems. We are looking for motivated, ordinary men and women interested in technology, who want to challenge themselves both physically and mentally during military service. All conscripts trained for electronic warfare tasks are trained as non-commissioned officers (NCOs) or reserve officers. One contingent will be trained for electronic warfare duties each year and the service last for 347 days.

Requirements for electronic warfare training:

- normal health: category A fitness for service
- flawless colour vision
- normal fields of vision and hearing
- good physical condition, 12-minute running test at least 2,400 metres

It is to your advantage if you:

- are motivated and interested in learning new things,
- have skills for persistent and independent action and logical thinking,
- are interested in information technology, electronics, foreign languages, amateur radio and mathematical subjects,
- and your conduct has been irreproachable.

Eliminating factors are:

- 12-minute running test under 2,400 metres on the selection test day
- No medical certificate or medical certificate expired



Military service:

- Service will begin in July of the same year in the Armoured Brigade with the basic training of a combatant. The final selection for the EW NCO course will be done during the branch training phase.
- The NCO course is organised in the Electronic Warfare Centre in Riihimäki.
- Those selected for the Reserve Officer Course will complete the training in the Reserve Officer School's reconnaissance programme in Hamina.
- During the second half of conscript service (the special capabilities training period and unit training period) everyone will be in Riihimäki.

The training is practical and includes command of electronic warfare troops and systems, and system operator duties. The exercises will take place mainly in the field with mobile systems. Knowledge of cyber or network warfare is not a prerequisite nor is it included in an operator's tasks.

After completing your military service, you can apply for jobs within this field in the Defence Forces or a posting abroad in a crisis management operation.

Applying and selection tests:

- You can apply to electronic warfare training after your call-up, but before the start of your military service.
- Applying takes places via the Defence Forces E-Service at asiointi.puolustusvoimat.fi under "Hae erikoisjoukkoihin" by 31 January.
- You can submit your application also on paper, using the form "Hakemus erikoisjoukkoihin", which is available from the regional offices, or you can print it from puolustusvoimat.fi/asiointi/lomakkeet. Paper applications must arrive on 31 January at the latest at:

Armoured Brigade Electronic Warfare Training Centre P.O. Box 5 11311 RIIHIMÄKI

Write on the envelope: "application to electronic warfare training" on the envelope in Finnish:

Based on the applications, some of the applicants will be invited to a one-day long selection event arranged in March. The testing day starts with a 12 minute running test . Failure to achieve the 2400 m requirement leads to immediate elimination from the selection. Based on the selection event the most suitable are ordered to report to the Armoured Brigade for military service.

Electronic warfare training offers you interesting and challenging work with first class technology accept the challenge!

Pilots

The Pilot Reserve Officer Course at the Air Force Academy opens up the possibility for an officer's career as a military pilot in the Air Force, helicopter pilot in the Army or a Border Guard pilot. The Course includes reserve officer training, aviation theory and approximately 40 hours of flight training on a primary trainer.

Approximately 40 students are selected for the training that begins in July based on applications and selection exams arranged once a year. The Reserve Officer Course, which begins after the branch training phase, includes a total of around 180 hours of aviation theory. The course also includes survival training at the Utti Jaeger Regiment, including e.g. parachuting training. Flight service begins at the turn of the month in January-February. The aim of flight training is to determine the students' suitability for continued training to become fighter and helicopter pilots. Those who have completed the course can apply to the military pilot programme at the Military Academy.

The application period ends on 15 October the year preceding the beginning of service. Selection tests are arranged during the winter and spring. If you have already begun your military service, it should not be completed before the pilot reserve officer course begins.

Applicants receive the final results of the selection test approximately one month before entry into military service.

Selection criteria:

- The applicant has achieved the Finnish matriculation examination or an at least 3-year vocational qualification or is otherwise eligible for higher education studies (a person in the final year of high school or 3-year vocational institution may apply in case he satisfies the above criteria before the start of the Pilot Reserve Officer Course).
- The applicant must present his/her matriculation examination certificate or other degree certificate required (e.g. vocational) before the course starts.

The applicant must not be older than 22 the year the course starts.

- The applicant must have turned 18 before the Pilot Reserve Officer Course begins.
- Military service already started must not be completed when the course starts.
- The applicant's school grades must correspond to a sufficient total of points.
- The applicant has applied to the Pilot Reserve Officer Course twice at most. - One may apply to the pilot reserve officer course a total of three times maximum.
- Applicants must be Finnish citizens and have a good command of the Finnish language. The applicant's language skills demonstrated during the selection process are enough to prove his command of the Finnish language.
- The applicant's psychological and physical qualities, his health and life style are suited for the training.

- The applicant has a normal level of swimming skills; he can swim 200 m. without stopping.
- Vision requirement: at least 0.5 on both eyes without eyeglasses, and with glasses at least 1.0. (Landoltin C chart, distance of 5 metres). Refractive error may be at most +2.5 – –1.5 diopter.
- Normal colour vision.
- Mild allergies do not exclude application.

To apply, use the Finnish Defence Forces E-Service: asiointi.puolustusvoimat.fi/

Up-to-date information on the training, selection criteria and application process is available on the intti. fi website at:

intti.fi > About to enter into the military? > Air Force's Special Programmes > Pilot Reserve Officer Course

Contacts and possible questions can be sent by email to: rikoiskurssit.ilmav@mil.fi

Assistant fighter aircraft or helicopter mechanics

Students on the aircraft maintenance programme of the NCO Course at the Air Force Academy are trained to do maintenance work on fighters or helicopters, i.e. for assistant mechanic duties. Assistant mechanics participate in real fighter and helicopter maintenance work in airbases. After successfully completing military service you can apply for a job as an NCO in aircraft maintenance or apply to study at the Military Academy to become an officer in the field of aircraft maintenance.

On the NCO Course, which begins after the branch training phase, you will study both aviation technology and leadership skills.

After the NCO Course, training continues as a fighter, helicopter, transport aircraft or UAV assistant mechanic in the Defence Forces' and Border Guard's flight units (Air Force Academy, Satakunta Air Command, Karelia





Air Command, Lapland Air Command, Utti Jaeger Regiment, Pori Brigade's Satakunta Artillery Regiment, Air Patrol Squadron).

Some of the students in the NCO Course's aircraft maintenance programme are admitted to the Air Force's reserve officer training.

The NCO Course's aircraft maintenance programme is arranged twice a year. The application deadline for the January contingent is 1 September and for the July contingent 1 March. Approximately 65 trainees are chosen for each contingent.

The applicants approved for entrance exams are called to one-day selection tests which will include aptitude tests, psychological tests and a physical fitness test. Selection tests are arranged in October and April. The applicants will receive the final results of the selection test approximately one month before entry into military service.

Selection criteria:

- The applicant must be 18 years of age before the course begins.
- The applicant must be eligible for higher education studies before military service related to an Air Force special course begins;
 - Matriculation examination
 - International Baccalaureate (IB)
 - European Baccalaureate (EB)
 - Reifeprüfung (RP)
- Vocational upper secondary qualification, Further vocational qualification, or Specialist vocational qualification.
- A foreign degree that carries eligibility for corresponding higher education studies in the country in question.

- The applicant must present a certificate before the beginning of military service related to a special course.
- A person in the final year of studies aiming at the above qualifications may apply in case he satisfies the above educational criteria before the service starts.
- Applicants must be Finnish citizens and have an adequate command of the Finnish language.
- The applicant's psychological and physical fitness, his health and life style are suited for the training.
- Health: category A fitness for service.
- Vision requirement: at least 1.0 in both eyes without or with eyeglasses, in which case the strength of the correctional lens is at most ±5 diopter (Landoltin C chart, distance of 5 metres).
- The applicant must have a sharp colour vision (examined under a daylight lamp with Ishihara plates).
- The applicant's fields of vision must be normal examined with a perimetry test with fingers.
- > The applicant's hearing category must be I-II.
- > The applicant cannot have strong allergies.

To apply, use the Finnish Defence Forces E-Service: asiointi.puolustusvoimat.fi/

Up-to-date information on the training, selection criteria and application process is available on the intti. fi website at:

- intti.fi > About to enter into the military? > Air Force's Special Programmes > NCO Aircraft Maintenance Programme
- Contacts and possible questions can be sent by email to: rikoiskurssit.ilmav@mil.fi

Air picture and fighter controllers

The Control Centre Course in the Air Force Academy trains students as air picture controllers or fighter controllers. After the branch training phase, training in radar surveillance and the use of air defence signal systems, as well as leadership skills continues on the NCO Course.

After the NCO Course, training continues as air picture and fighter controllers in the Air Force's Control and Reporting Centres in Karelia and Lapland Air Commands, where trainees participate in forming a real-time recognised air picture or controlling fighter aircraft in the air. Some will stay in the Air Force Academy as Reserve NCO Training instructors. After successfully completing your military service you can apply for available NCO posts in the control centre field or apply to the Military Academy's command and control training programme and an officer's career.

The application period for the control and reporting centre programme ends on 1 March. Service will start in the July contingent. The applicants approved for entrance exams are called to one-day selection tests which will include aptitude tests, psychological tests and physical fitness tests. The selections will take place in April. The applicants will receive the final results of the selections approximately one month before entry into military service.

Selection criteria:

- The applicant must be 18 years of age before the course begins.
- The applicant must be eligible for higher education studies before military service related to an Air Force special course begins;
 - Matriculation examination
 - International Baccalaureate (IB)
 - European Baccalaureate (EB)
 - Reifeprüfung (RP)
- Vocational upper secondary qualification, Further vocational qualification, or Specialist vocational qualification.
- A foreign degree that carries eligibility for corresponding higher education studies in the country in question.
- The applicant must present a certificate before the beginning of military service related to a special course.
- A person in the final year of studies aiming at the above qualifications may apply in case he satisfies the above selection criteria before the service starts.
- Applicants must be Finnish citizens and have an adequate command of the Finnish language.
- The applicant's psychological and physical fitness, his health and life style are suited for the training.
- Health: category A fitness for service.
- Vision requirement: at least 1.0 in both eyes without or with eyeglasses, in which case the strength of the correctional lens is at most ±5 diopter (Landoltin C chart, distance of 5 metres).
- The applicant must have a sharp colour vision (examined under a daylight lamp with Ishihara plates).
- The applicant's fields of vision must be normal examined with a perimetry test with fingers.
- > The applicant's hearing category must be I-II.
- > The applicant cannot have strong allergies.



To apply, use the Finnish Defence Forces E-Service: asiointi.puolustusvoimat.fi/

Up-to-date information on the training, selection criteria and application process is available on the intti. fi website at:

intti.fi > About to enter into the military? > Air Force's Special Programmes > NCO Control Centre Programme

Military drivers

Trainees on the Military Driver Course at the Air Force Academy are trained for versatile transportation tasks. All drivers receive articulated vehicle training. After the Military Driver Course, service continues in the Air Force's brigade-level units (Air Force Academy, Satakunta Air Command, Karelia Air Command, Lapland Air Command) or in the Utti Jaeger Regiment. Some of the Air Force driver training is given in Army brigadelevel units.

After the basic training phase military drivers receive articulated vehicle training and the foundation for independent driving tasks. Trainees receive driving licence training and basic level professional competence training. This allows for the possibility of gaining a BECE licence before the age of 21 and the prerequisites for working as a driver.

Training includes e.g. pre-emptive and economical driving, loading, information on occupational safety and first aid training. Most drivers also gain competence for working on an airfield in tasks relating to refuelling, cleaning, maintenance and repair and transportation. In the brigade-level units, training includes familiarisation with forklift and motorised machinery, terminal functions, special transportation, driving in the terrain and aiding a vehicle in difficult conditions. The training also includes 20 hours of driving training for professional competence.

Those who complete driver training receive an ADR licence for the transportation of dangerous goods, occupational and road safety 1 instruction, forklift driving training and a digital tachograph card. Some of the trainees also receive training in driving motorised machinery.

If you already have a basic level professional qualification, you will receive versatile continuing training in transportation, experience of driving special vehicles and the possibility to take the courses mentioned above, if you have not already passed them all. In addition to this you also have the possibility of taking the continued training courses under the professional driver directive.

The Military Driver Course is arranged twice a year. The application deadline for the January contingent is 1 September and for the July contingent 1 March. Approximately 60 trainees are chosen for each contingent. Selection interviews are arranged in October and April.

Selection criteria:

- The applicant must have completed basic education (Comprehensive school).
- The applicant must have at least a category B driving licence and have completed advanced driving training (if the driving licence was obtained before 1 July 2018).
- The applicant must be 18 years of age before the course begins.
- The applicant's health must satisfy the health requirements set for group 2 for having a driving licence (Act on Driving Licences, Section 18) and allow him/her to handle aviation fuels.
- No aggravated traffic offences committed in the past two years.
- Applicants must be Finnish citizens and have an adequate command of the Finnish language.

To apply, use the Finnish Defence Forces E-Service: asiointi.puolustusvoimat.fi/

Up-to-date information on the training, selection criteria and application process is available on the intti.fi website at:

intti.fi > About to enter into the military? > Air Force's Special Programmes > Military Driver Course

Contacts and possible questions can be sent by email to: rikoiskurssit.ilmav@mil.fi

Military musicians

The Defence Forces Conscript Band, which is part of the Armoured Brigade in Parolannummi, trains about 100 conscripts and women doing their voluntary military service a year.

The normal service period in the Conscript Band of the Defence Forces is 255 days. It is also possible to undergo 347-day training, which includes NCO training in the military music branch.

Wind and percussion instrument players, vocalists, bass players, guitarists, keyboard and stringed instrument players, sound and light technicians, persons with skills in media and communication and other performing artists can apply to become conscript musicians. Applicants are invited for testing focused on musicality and suitability arranged annually in April at the Defence Forces Conscript Band.

There are no formal entrance requirements. Musicianship and skills are what count. In addition to playing skill, applicants are required to have good deportment and to be enthusiastic about the task of conscript musician. Some of the musicians that are selected areplaced in other military bands as conscript musicians. There are six military bands in Finland.

Service begins in January with an eight-week basic training phase, which is the same for all conscripts. During the special and advanced training period, a figure marching composition, symphonic wind orchestra, string



Military service for men and women at the Sports School:

Service begins	Mustering out 165 days	Mustering out 347 days
III/2023 17 APR 2023	28 SEP 2023	28 MAR 2024
IV/2023 16 OCT.2023	28 MAR 2024	26 SEP 2024
III/2024 15 APR 2024	26 SEP 2024	27 MAR 2025
IV/2024 14 OCT 2024	27 MAR 2025	25 SEP 2025

ensemble, entertainment ensemble, show band, technician team (lights, sound and image) and a media and communications team are formed. The Defence Forces Conscript Band performs abroad annually at international military music events (tattoos).

Band and string musicians and sound and media people who are chosen for the conscript band are put into a group of around 20 people to form a rifle drill team. Members of this troop must have a good sense of rhythm, and have a particularly commendable attitude towards military training, which demands persistence. The group performs as a part of a figure marching programme and as its own unit.

After military service, musicians who have undergone leadership training and are interested in the profession of military musician may be recruited into one of the military bands. Those with leadership training can also apply to the military conductor training programme at the Sibelius Academy.

The military bands are the:

Guards Band, Helsinki Dragoon Band, Lappeenranta Navy Band, Turku Air Force (Big) Band, Jyväskylä (Tikkakoski) Lapland Military Band, Rovaniemi Defence Forces Conscript Band, Hattula (Parola)

Applying takes place primarily by filing an electronic application. You can fill out an online application at varusmiessoittokunta.fi > The Conscript Band > How to apply to the Conscript Band?

Applications to the Conscript Band must arrive by 31 December at the latest.

Paper applications sent to the Armoured Brigade can be accepted in exceptional cases:

- Armoured Brigade
- Defence Forces Conscript Band / Application
- P.O. Box 5, 13701 Parolannummi

Instructions for applying and application forms to become a military musician are available from the Regional Office in one's area or the website of the Defence Forces at puolustusvoimat.fi. The path is: E-Service / Forms / application to the special operations forces.

Athletes

The Defence Forces Sports School is the national training centre for young top athletes and military athletes. The school caters for professional athletes, teams coached by and representing the FDF and it is where the best athletes of each age group of conscripts are given their military training. The Defence Forces Sports School is located within the Guard Jaeger Regiment in Helsinki. All disciplines serve in the Guard Jaeger Regiment, except the winter sports biathlon, orienteering on skis, snowboarding, cross-country skiing, ski jumping and Nordic combined skiing, which serve in the Kainuu Brigade in Kajaani. Entrance tests for all disciplines are arranged in Helsinki at the Guard Jaeger Regiment.

Military training

The objective of the military training is to train reconnaissance sections for needs during exceptional conditions. The compositions of the reconnaissance sections include reserve officers that are trained as section leaders and reconnaissance unit forward observers and noncommissioned officers that are trained in other section tasks. Examples of a reconnaissance NCO's tasks include such tasks as wireless operator, forward observer NCO, sniper and combat lifesaver. Conscripts selected for rank and file training will be trained as reconnaissance men in reconnaissance sections or other local troops rank and file tasks.

The period of service is 347 or 165 days. Both the reserve officer and NCO courses are carried out at the Sports School. Leadership training is a natural part of the athlete's path; through it the athlete strengthens and learns skills in teamwork, organisation and leadership. Training on the courses is integrated with the sports training in a way that does not interrupt training and competition activities.

Sports coaching and training

The Finnish Defence Forces Sports School is a part of the sports academy programme led by the Finnish Olympic Committee. The Sports School cooperates very closely with the metropolitan Helsinki area sports academy URHEA and with the Vuokatti-Ruka sports academy in the field of winter sports. The goal of the Sport School is to facilitate and enable continuing goal-oriented development and coaching for the talented athletes who are at the top of their age group, also during conscript service. The goal of the Sports School is to grow and develop the athlete holistically so that they get used to professional training and have the opportunity to develop their abilities all the way to become a top athlete internationally. Also goal-oriented military training contributes to the athlete's development. Demanding and disciplined military training helps support the emotional growth of the athlete. The most important support the Sports School offers is combining coaching and military training. At the Sports School, around 50% of conscripts' total military service time is used for coaching, competitions and matches. The training of an athlete doing his military service at the Sports School is carried out contingent by contingent following a discipline-specific training and coaching plan and a personal coaching plan. The coaching and training is supported during the main training season with training camps organised by the Sports School. In addition to the common weekly schedules and training events, the athletes can use 45-95 days of military service for training and competition activity depending on their service period and competition level. The coaching of the athletes during military service is still the responsibility of the respective associations/federations, clubs and personal coaches of the athletes. The Sports School supports training with capable event-specific coaches and generalist coaches and with extensive, high-quality testing and physical therapy services.

Applying:

Conscript service in the Sports School is based on voluntary applications. The application periods end annually on the last day of February (summer sports) and August (winter sports). Selections are held during calendar weeks 14 and 40. Selection tests include physical and psychological aptitude tests and a personal interview.

Entry into the Sports School takes place through application via the Defence Forces E-Service: https:// asiointi.puolustusvoimat.fi/

Women applying to voluntary military service in the Sports School must submit their application forms to the regional office by 1 March.

Applying by the Finnish Defence Forces E-Services: **asiointi.puolustusvoimat.fi**/

Alternatively, paper application forms with annexes must be sent to:

Finnish Defence Forces Sports School Guard Jaeger Regiment P.O. Box 6 00861 Helsinki

The applicants to the Sports School must be at the top level in their discipline nationally or internationally. The discipline must be included in the Olympic or World Championship programme. Selections are carried out based on statements made by the olympic committee and experts in the various disciplines and on the results of psychological and physical testing.

Sports masseurs with training for a professional masseur's diploma can also apply to the 347-day service at the Sports School.

More information about military service at the Sports School is available at: **intti.fi > About to enter into the military?**

Applying for special duties

Conscripts apply for special duties independently at intti. fi > In service by the end of the third service week at the latest. The opportunities for applying for special duties are publicised after service has started during the Company Commander's class and Conscript Committee's class and at the Finnish Defence Forces website and on social media channels. You can serve in special duties also as a conscript leader, so if you are interested in leadership training, you can apply for both.

Only conscripts who have specialised in medicine prior to their military service are eligible for special duties in medicine after the basic training phase. Eligibility for special duties requiring legal expertise is restricted to those who have been selected for the reserve officer course. The special duties in medicine, the legal and ecclesiastical branches are described more in detail in the sections below. Other special duties applied for, for example in communications and media (i.a. graphic designers, journalists, photographers), information technology, programmers, virtual training support persons and research assistants, are presented contingent-specifically on the website intti.fi > In service

Physicians, dentists, veterinarians and pharmacists (M.SC.)

Physicians, dentists, veterinarians and pharmacists, and students of these disciplines are placed in Army, Navy or Air Force brigade-level units at the call-ups. After the basic training phase they are assigned to the Logistics School in Riihimäki for the conscript physician course. During the conscript physician course students are selected for the Reserve Medical Officer Course.

The aim of the Reserve Officer Course is to produce medical officers capable of planning and managing the wartime medical care of the company and brigade-level unit. The trainees specialise in combat injuries and know the basics of the Defence Forces' medical care. During their unit training phase, officer candidates go through additional field and disaster medicine training and acquire professional experience by working in health centres and in exercises.





Those that are not chosen for the Reserve Officer Course after the conscript physician course will continue their service in professional duties at health centres and receive further training in medical care.

Legal branch

Applying to reserve officer training in the judicial field is done through conscript leaders' supplementary application for special duties (intti.fi About to enter into the military) at the beginning of the Reserve Officer Course. A person with a higher law degree, or a law student who has finished intermediate level studies in criminal law and law of procedure in Finland, can be accepted onto the judicial officer training programme (as a Jurist Candidate). In the selection process, consideration is also paid to whether the Defence Forces need persons with legal training to be assigned to jurist candidate duties. Jurist candidates accepted for training are trained to be placed in different levels of wartime judicial duties among the units and in headquarters, such as legal officer in a wartime brigade.

The Defence Command orders Jurist Candidates accepted into training in one of the Services. The Defence Forces' chief legal advisor determines who will be assigned where. Training is carried out in a brigade-level unit under the leadership of a Service headquarters and in accordance with the training programme drawn up by it. The training programme provided for the jurist candidate is carried out after the reserve officer course. Until that, the conscript is expected to do regular military service.

A jurist placed in a Service headquarters and the legal officer of each brigade-level unit are together responsible for the practical implementation of this training programme.

The training programme includes full-time work under the guidance of one or more brigade-level unit officials, such as a legal officer, chief of logistics and chief of personnel, and an introduction to the legal activities of a Service's headquarters.

Ecclesiastical branch

You can apply for conscript chaplain and deacon training through the national special duties application process (intti.fi About to enter into the military). The aim of the training is to train conscripts to conduct church work both in times of peace and in emergency situations. Rank and file conscripts serve 255 days. Those in leadership training serve 347 days. Training for the task is provided on courses and practical training in brigade-level units. Theology students and persons with a university degree in theology are eligible to be selected for the training. Bachelors of social services (UAS) and community educators (UAS) as well as students completing these degrees whose studies include segments qualifying them for religious community work may also be accepted for this training.

Contact information:

REGIONAL OFFICES

The Regional Offices' websites can be found in the Finnish Defence Forces online service puolustusvoimat.fi

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Regional Office and postal address Street address	E-mail	Telephone
South Savo Regional Office P.O. Box 57, 50101 Mikkeli Tyrjäntie 9, Rak 3, Mikkeli, Karkialampi	etela-savonaluetoimisto@mil.fi	.+358 299 436190
Häme Regional Office P.O. Box 175, 15111 Lahti Kirkkokatu 12, Lahti	hameenaluetoimisto@mil.fi	.+358 299 484190
South-eastern Finland Regional Office Kauppalankatu 43 C, 45100 Kouvola Kauppalankatu 43 C, Kouvola	kaakkois-suomenaluetoimisto@mil.fi	.+358 299 438109
Central Finland Regional Office P.O. Box 1100, 40101 Jyväskylä Asekatu 3 D, Jyväskylä	keski-suomenaluetoimisto@mil.fi	.+358 299 485190
Lapland Regional Office P.O. Box 23, 96101 Rovaniemi Someroharjuntie Rak 21, Rovaniemi	lapinaluetoimisto@mil.fi	.+358 299 455118
Southwest Finland Regional Office P.O. Box 69, 20811 Turku Rykmentintie 15B, Turku, Heikkilän kasarmi .	lounais-suomenaluetoimisto@mil.fi	.+358 299 480190
Pirkanmaa Regional Office P.O. Box 37, 33271 Tampere, Finland Tekniikankatu1, E-siipi, Tampere	pirkanmaanaluetoimisto@mil.fi	.+358 299 482190
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Defence Forces Initiative Committee

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National Defence Initiative Foundation

Defence Command / Logistics Division P.O. Box 919, 00131 Helsinki

Civilian Service Centre

Latokartanontie 79 A 07810 Ingermaninkylä Tel. +358 (0) 295 029 500 siviilipalveluskeskus.fi

After military service



Military training includes many aspects of training that are of direct use in your civilian profession or in other areas of your life after you have mustered out. The training provided by different branches opens up the possibility of a civilian job in a similar field, where among written applications of equal value, special military training is considered a merit.

Certain elements of military training received as a conscript are accepted as equivalent to the practical training period needed in some professions. This is above all the case when applying to secondary-level vocational institutions. Depending on the task during conscript service and branch of training, the period of time accepted as working experience varies. Furthermore, the length of military service as such is accepted as general working experience. All conscripts who have completed their military service receive a certificate stating work experience.

With regard to future plans, it is a good idea to take into consideration the practical leadership training included in NCO and Officer education. Many civilian jobs require Reserve Officer or NCO training or that military service has been performed successfully. As visible proof of military service, conscripts receive a military passport and service certificate.

Obligatory refresher training

After military service, you will be transferred to the Reserve. Because the personnel of our Defence Forces is made up mainly of reservists during wartime, it is essential that training received during conscript service is maintained and supplemented, for example in refresher training exercises. The refresher training exercises are based on the Conscription Act, according to which a person who is in the reserve must take part in refresher exercises after receiving orders to attend training. The number of days depends on the training he or she initially received as a conscript. The maximum number of training days in the reserve for the rank and file is 80 days, rank and file that require special skills or rank and file that have been trained for special tasks (longer service period for rank and file) is 150 days and for NCO's, warrant officers and officers 200 days.

If necessary, In addition to the days mentioned, the reservist can be ordered to attend refresher training corresponding to their wartime task for an extra 20 calen-



dar days in one year based on their consent. This can be done if the reservist is seen by the Defence Forces to be essential to the command or training of the unit. These orders to refresher training also require the written consent of the reservist's employer if the training takes place during working hours.

Refresher training exercises are therefore service prescribed by law in the same way as conscript service is. Refresher training exercises form an essential part of the peacetime training system of our Defence Forces and have an important effect on the defence readiness of our country. Most reservists are called to the first refresher training exercise in the same composition as they were trained in during conscript service. The first refresher training exercise is approximately 2-5 years after military service has been completed.

Who is ordered to participate in refresher training exercises?

The units and HQ staff needed the most rapidly during times of crisis are trained in refresher training exercises. Reservists placed in these units are called to refresher training. Task-specific refresher exercises provide training for leaders and key combatants who are placed in tasks central from the point of view of combat efficiency.

The length of refresher training exercises varies de-

pending on the nature and the goal of the exercise. Usually refresher training lasts for 5-6 days. Reservists are paid a reservist salary and daily allowance for their time in refresher exercises and possible travel costs are reimbursed according to the costs one would acquire while using the cheapest available mode of public transport. Detailed instructions for those called to refresher training exercises and information about e.g. financial benefits are included with the exercise orders. Additional information about the reserve and refresher training exercises is available at puolustusvoimat.fi (intti.fi/ In the reserve).

Voluntary training

Obligatory refresher training exercises are held about every 3-7 years. In addition to these you can develop your skills and capabilities by participating in the voluntary exercises led by the Defence Forces, in courses contributing to military skills organised by the National Defence Training Association of Finland, by participating in crisis management operations or voluntary national defence training and by taking advantage of the Defence Forces' or NDTA's open learning environments. The activity and voluntary training and capability development of reservists is taken into consideration when a person is assigned to a wartime task that corresponds to his/her know-how.

Training by the National Defence Training Association

The training organised by the National Defence Training Association (NDTA) of Finland is part of the reserve training system. In addition to participating in refresher training, you can maintain and develop your military skills and performance after conscript service by participating in the courses organised by the NDTA or become a voluntary instructor on their courses. In addition to gaining new skills, you can earn equivalent refresher training days that are counted towards promotions. By participating in voluntary training, you can be assigned more easily to a given Defence Forces wartime unit.

The NDTA organises around 2,000 courses annually with 40,000 participants. A majority of the courses are military capabilities training intended for reservists.

In addition to military capabilities training, the NDTA organises e.g. familiarisation activities for future conscripts getting prepared for their military service, international training as well as preparedness and security education and training intended for all citizens aimed at helping them better survive dangerous situations encountered in their daily lives and in emergency conditions.

The National Defence Training Association (NDTA) is a public association founded in 1993 that acts as a national cooperation organisation for voluntary national defence training. The purpose of the NDTA is to promote national defence through training, information and education.

- Additional information about the training provided by the NDTA www.mpk.fi
- Join us: Turvallisuutta yhdessä Maanpuolustuskoulutusyhdistys MPK

Military professions

After conscript service you can apply to join the Defence Forces as a contractual soldier, become a non-commissioned officer, a special officer or apply for professional officer training. To become an officer, you study at the National Defence University. Application instructions and requirements for bachelor's and master's degree programmes in military sciences are published annually in November-December in the National Defence University's Selections Guide, website and Finnish universities' online application system. The applicant is required to have completed the Reserve Officer Course. If they fulfil all other requirements, applicants who have completed reserve NCO training can also be accepted if they successfully complete the Platoon Leader Course at the Army Academy before the cadet course begins. A special requirement is that those applying to the Officer Pilots' Programme must have successfully completed the Pilot Reserve Officer Course.

During conscript service you will form a picture of the Defence Forces as a workplace and of the professions available within the Defence Forces. In addition, you can test your own suitability for work within the Defence Forces. Success on the NCO and Reserve Officer Courses directly affects your entrance points. If you are interested in a military profession it is a good idea to tell this to the platoon leader and unit commander when you have your interview with them during your fist days of service.

If you aim for or are considering a military profession, do your best in service and tell your superiors that you would like to undergo leadership training. Make sure you do well in the NCO course and let your superiors know that you want to study at the Reserve Officer School.

In the NCO and Reserve Officer Schools, professions within the Defence Forces are presented and you are given the opportunity to familiarise yourself with the National Defence University, Army, Naval and Air Force Academies.

After military service you also apply to become a contractual soldier for a fixed amount of time. In this task you can add to your know-how and try working as an instructor. The aim is that after you have served as a contractual soldier for a certain amount of time, you then apply to study at a military educational establishment or serve in other military specialist tasks in the Defence Forces.

In addition to a career as an officer, the Defence Forces also offers tasks for special officers, technicians, engineers and physicians who have passed at least the NCO Course. Non-commissioned officers work as instructors and specialists. They are employed either in sentry and supervisory duties, music-related duties or certain technical duties.

Additional information about becoming an officer and other military professions offered within the Defence Forces are available from the instructors at your company-level unit, the social welfare counsellor and cadets carrying out their practical training. More information can also be found on social media and in news papers, such as the Ruotuväki bulletin. More detailed information about military sciences graduate and postgraduate degrees is available in the National Defence University's Selections Guide and the NDU website. More information is also available at: puolustusvoimat. fi, upseeriksi.fi sekä valtiolle.fi.

Become a contractual soldier on the Defence Forces special forces course

On the Defence Forces special forces course, the Utti Jaeger Regiment trains contractual military personnel for demanding special forces tasks. Students on the course are paid a salary for the time in training.

This interesting and challenging course includes reconnaissance and combat training in open terrain and urban areas. Their versatile movement training includes parachutist training, waterway training and vehicle training. Most of the training takes place in small groups in demanding conditions.

Preselection takes place based on applications. Those who pass the preselection are invited to an entrance



exam based on which the most suitable candidates are admitted into training. The entrance exam is divided into two separate phases. The first phase takes two days and is held at the end of January. Those who have passed the first stage will be called to the second stage to be held later in the spring.

Anyone under 25 who is liable for military service and has completed either NCO or officer training is eligible to apply for special forces training. In certain special cases, persons between 25 and 30 years of age can also be accepted onto the course. If you are currently doing your military service, you can apply to the course. You must, however, finish your military service before the special forces course begins. The course is arranged every year. It begins in July and lasts twelve months. The Utti Jaeger Regiment provides special forces training only for the Defence Forces' own special forces needs.

Once trainees have finished the special forces course, they can apply for a fixed term special jaeger or combat diver non-commissioned officer's position in the Utti Jaeger Regiment's Special Jaeger Battalion. Training lasts throughout your service. Trainees can also serve in exercises and operations overseas. Non-commissioned officers serve in fixed term five-year public-service posts. It is possible for the employer to renew this contract twice (the total length of service then being at most 5+5+5 years).

Further information at puolustusvoimat.fi/erikoisjaakariksi

Civilian tasks within the Defence Forces

The Defence Forces employ civilian personnel in versatile and challenging tasks with good possibilities for improving their competence. Around Finland, approximately 4,000 civilians work in the Defence Forces in both vocational and academic expert tasks according to their civilian education. The range of jobs available in the Defence Forces is wide. There are hundreds of job titles. They include such titles as engineer, chief of systems development, researcher, social welfare officer, financial coordinator, training coordinator, public information officer, legal adviser and physician, fitter and PT instructor. Irrespective of job title, civilian personnel are always qualified professionals. Those selected for civilian tasks are not required to have undergone military service or voluntary military service for women.

Further information puolustusvoimat.fi/rekry and valtiolle.fi

Working in the Border Guard

Every year, in January, new border and coast guards are admitted into service in the Border Guard. Selections are made based on applications, and on entrance examinations held in May or June. The basic Border Guard Course lasts approximately one year.

An applicant must be a Finnish citizen who has undergone military service for conscripts or women's voluntary military service and fulfils the general qualification requirements for a government post.

Applicants must be in good health and physical condition, irreproachable and trustworthy. Applying for officers' duties in the Boarder Guard takes place by applying to the National Defence University. Officers entering the service of the Border Guard are chosen in connection with choice of branch during the first academic year before specialisation studies begin.

- For additional information on how to apply for service in the Border Guard, see raja.fi
- Contact information of the Border Guard, page 66.

Applying for crisis management duties

Finland has a long tradition of peacekeeping. Finland took part in its first peace support operation in Suez in 1956 and has already had over 57,000 peacekeepers in peacekeeping duties. At present the annual number in ongoing operations is around 400 persons. Serving in a crisis management mission provides an interesting service period, an opportunity to see other countries and peoples, an opportunity to save up some money and improve your language skills. You gain unique experiences of working with people from different conditions and backgrounds.

You can apply to serve in crisis management duties by sending an application after you have finished your military service. To apply, you must be in good physical condition and health, have a balanced personality, be able to tolerate stress and to cooperate, have adequate English language skills and an irreproachable way of life (no criminal record). If you have done your military service well you can apply to the Finnish peacekeeping forces without having received international training as a conscript. Reserve Officers have also the possibility of becoming military observers. In addition to the general qualification requirements, to become a military observer must have carried out your previous peacekeeping duties successfully and hold at least the rank of Lieutenant.

Send your application to the Pori Brigade in Säkylä. Application forms and further information are available from the regional Offices and website of the Pori Brigade at puolustusvoimat.fi/porinprikaati. Finnish crisis management forces are supplemented continually. Based on applications, the Pori Brigade calls the most suitable candidates for a 3-4-week selection and training course in Säkylä, where the final selection will take place.

Being called to the selection and training course does not yet mean that you have been accepted into the crisis management forces.

Terms of service relationship

The actual service commitment is made after the training that precedes departure. In practice, the service commitment is an employment contract, where terms of service are agreed upon.

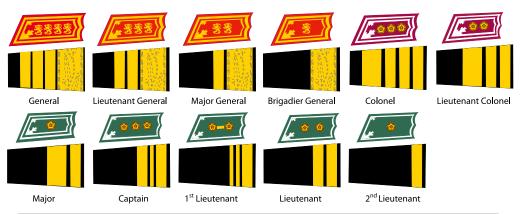
Both those employed in the public administration and private sectors will be given leave of absence or leave from work for the duration of crisis management training. Thus, a person leaving for a crisis management mission is not obliged to resign from his/ her work. Every person being sent on a crisis management operation makes a commitment to serve for six (6) months, unless a different length of service has been determined for a specific operation. On certain conditions, the service period can be extended by another six (6) month period. Serving on a crisis management mission is regarded as being in the service of the Finnish government.

The salary of a person serving on a crisis management mission is graded according to how demanding the mission and work are. In addition to their regular salary, crisis management personnel and military observers are paid a crisis management per diem for each service day. The salary paid for crisis management is taxable income, but daily allowances and benefits in kind are not. In the crisis management forces, benefits in kind means full board and lodging, i.e. free accommodation, food, clothing and equipment as well as health care.

Additional information: puolustusvoimat.fi/rauhanturvaaja and puolustusvoimat.fi/porinprikaati

Insignia of Rank of the Army

OFFICERS AND WARRANT OFFICERS (Lieutenant - Captain)

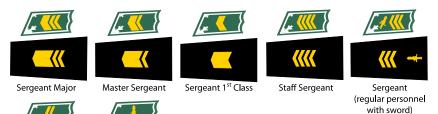


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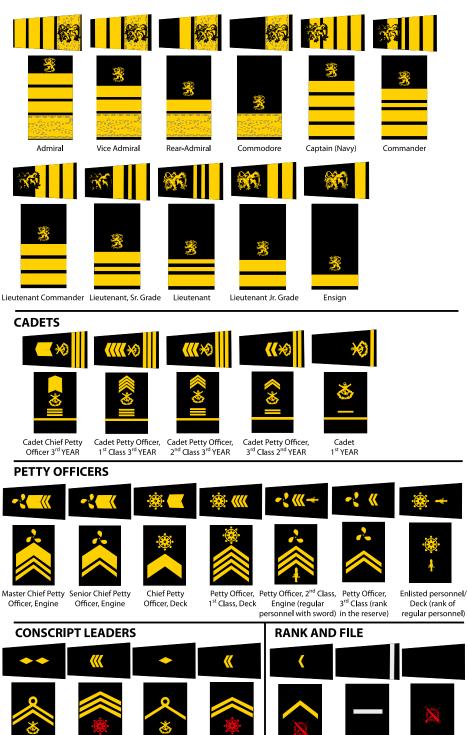
NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS



Enlisted personnel (rank Corporal (rank in the reserve) of regular personnel) **RANK AND FILE CONSCRIPT LEADERS** Sergeant Officer Officer Student Corporal Private NCO Private 1st Class Candidate **Reserve Officer School** Student Jaeger

Insignia of Rank of the Navy

OFFICERS AND WARRANT OFFICERS (Lieutenant - Captain)



Officer Candidate

Petty Officer, 2nd Class Navigation

Officer Student

Petty Officer, 3rd Class Navigation

X		
Seaman Ordnance	NCO Student	S

eaman Apprentice

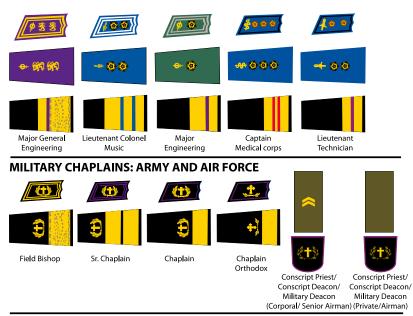
Ordnance

Insignia of Rank of the Air Force

200 General Lieutenant General Major General **Brigadier General** Colonel Lieutenant Colonel Major Captain 1st Lieutenant Lieutenant 2nd Lieutenant CADETS Cadet Technical Cadet Staff Cadet Senior Airman Cadet Cadet Master Sergeant 3rd YEAR Sergeant 3rd YEAR Sergeant 3rd YEAR 2nd YEAR 1st YEAR NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS **Chief Master** Senior Master Master Sergeant Technical Sergeant Staff Sergeant Sergeant Sergeant (Regular personnel with sword) < Senior Airman Enlisted personnel (rank (rank in the reserve) of regular personnel) **CONSCRIPT LEADERS RANK AND FILE** Officer Staff Officer NCO Airman Senior Airman 1st Class Candidate Student Student Sergeant Airman

OFFICERS AND WARRANT OFFICERS (Lieutenant - Captain)

Special Insignia of Rank



OFFICER SPECIALISTS: ARMY AND AIR FORCE

MILITARY SPECIALISTS: ARMY, AIR FORCE, NAVY / engineering



Lieutenant



Lieutenant/

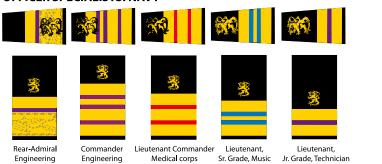
Lieutenant Jr. Grade





Staff Sergeant/PO 1st class/ Technical Sergeant

OFFICER SPECIALISTS: NAVY



MILITARY CHAPLAINS: NAVY







Sr. Chaplain

Chaplain

Conscript Chaplain/ Conscript Deacon/ Conscript Chaplain/ Conscript Deacon/ Military Deacon (Petty Officer, 3rd Class)

Military Deacon (Seaman Apprentice)

Army Command Finland

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